



Advanced Registry Operations Curriculum

Introduction to SNMP



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Overview

- What is SNMP ?
- OIDs
- MIBs
- Polling and querying
- Traps

What is SNMP?

- SNMP – Simple Network Management Protocol
 - Industry standard, hundreds of tools exist to exploit it
 - Present on any decent network equipment
- Query – response based: **GET / SET**
 - GET is mostly used for monitoring
- Tree hierarchy
 - Query for "Object Identifiers" (OIDs)
- Concept of MIBs (Management Information Base)
 - Standard and vendor-specific (Enterprise)

What is SNMP?

- UDP protocol, port 161
- Different versions
 - V1 (1988) – RFC1155, RFC1156, RFC1157
 - Original specification
 - v2 – RFC1901 ... RFC1908 + RFC2578
 - Extends v1, new data types, better retrieval methods (GETBULK)
 - Used is version v2c (without security model)
 - v3 – RFC3411 ... RFC3418 (w/security)
- Typically we use SNMPv2 (v2c)

What is SNMP?

- Terminology:
 - Manager (the monitoring "client")
 - Agent (running on the equipment/server)

What is SNMP?

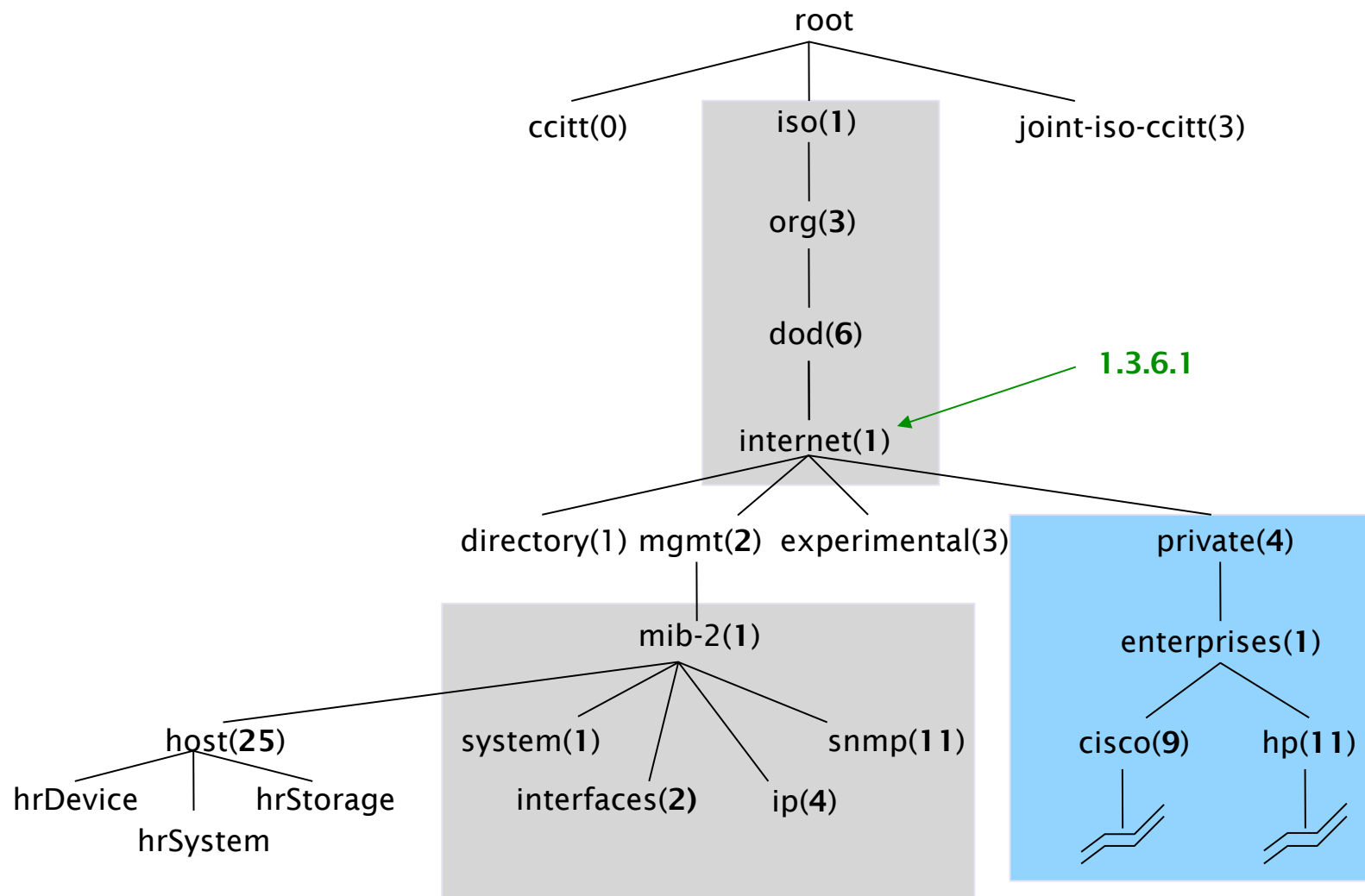
- Typical queries
 - Bytes In/Out on an interface, errors
 - CPU load
 - Uptime
 - Temperature or other vendor specific OIDs
- For hosts (servers or workstations)
 - Disk space
 - Installed software
 - Running processes
 - ...
- Windows and UNIX have SNMP agents

How does it work?

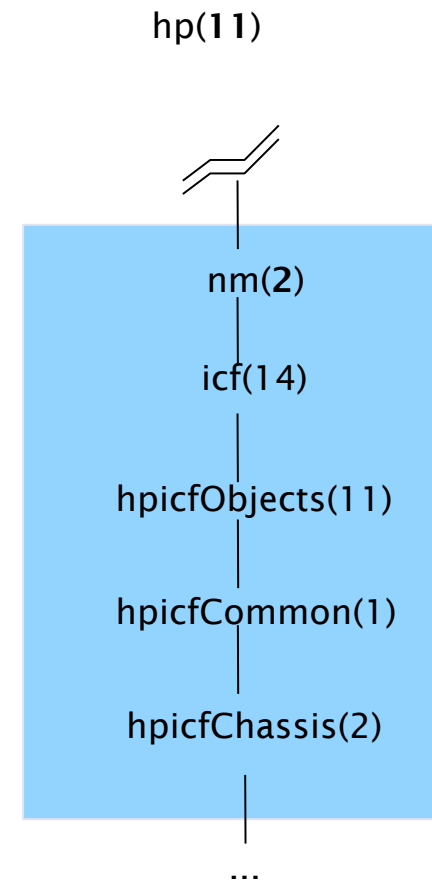
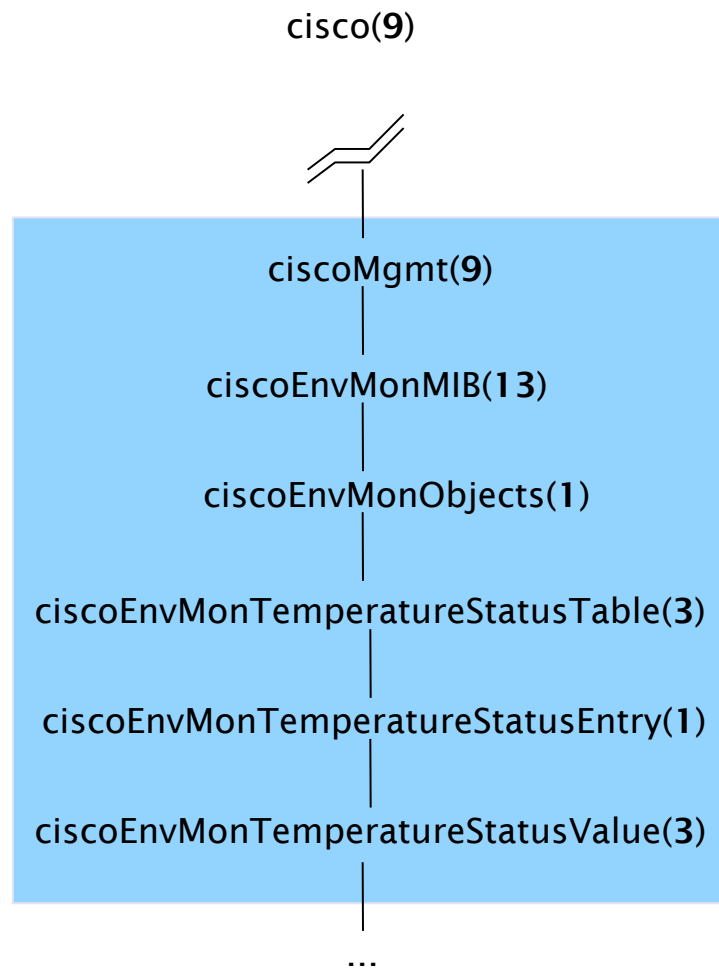
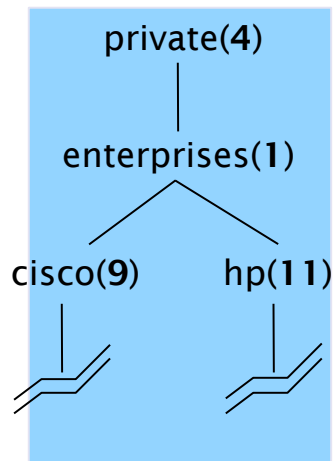
Basic commands

- GET (manager -> agent)
 - Query for a value
- GET-NEXT (manager -> agent)
 - Get next value (list of values for a table)
- GET-RESPONSE (agent -> manager)
 - Response to GET/SET, or error
- SET (manager -> agent)
 - Set a value, or perform action
- TRAP (agent -> manager)
 - Spontaneous notification from equipment (line down, temperature above threshold, ...)

The MIB Tree



The MIB Tree



The Internet MIB

- `directory(1)` OSI directory
- `mgmt(2)` RFC standard objects
- `experimental(3)` Internet experiments
- `private(4)` Vendor-specific
- `security(5)` Security
- `snmpV2(6)` SNMP internal

OIDs and MIBs

- Navigate tree downwards
- OIDs separated by '.'
 - 1.3.6.1.4.1.9. ...
- OID corresponds to a label
 - .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5 => sysName
- The complete path:
 - .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.sysName
- How do we convert from OIDs to Labels (and vice versa ?)
 - Use of MIBs files!

MIBs

- MIBs are files defining the objects that can be queried, including:
 - Object name
 - Object description
 - Data type (integer, text, list)
- MIBS are structured text, using ASN.1
- Standard MIBs include:
 - MIB-II – (RFC1213) – a group of sub-MIBs
 - HOST-RESOURCES-MIB (RFC2790)

MIBs - 2

- MIBs also make it possible to interpret a returned value from an agent
 - For example, the status for a fan could be 1,2,3,4,5,6 – what does it mean ?

MIBs - SAMPLE

```
sysUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TimeTicks
    ACCESS      read-only
    STATUS      mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The time (in hundredths of a second) since the
        network management portion of the system was last
        re-initialized."
    ::= { system 3 }
```

sysUpTime OBJECT-TYPE

This defines the object called `sysUpTime`.

SYNTAX TimeTicks

This object is of the type `TimeTicks`. Object types are specified in the SMI we mentioned a moment ago.

ACCESS read-only

This object can only be read via SNMP (i.e., `get-request`); it cannot be changed (i.e., `set-request`).

STATUS mandatory

This object must be implemented in any SNMP agent.

DESCRIPTION

A description of the object

::= { system 3 }

The `sysUpTime` object is the third branch off of the system object group tree.

MIBs - SAMPLE

```
CiscoEnvMonState ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Represents the state of a device being monitored.
        Valid values are:

        normal(1):          the environment is good, such as low
                             temperature.

        warning(2):         the environment is bad, such as temperature
                             above normal operation range but not too
                             high.

        critical(3):        the environment is very bad, such as
                             temperature much higher than normal
                             operation limit.

        shutdown(4):        the environment is the worst, the system
                             should be shutdown immediately.

        notPresent(5):      the environmental monitor is not present,
                             such as temperature sensors do not exist.

        notFunctioning(6):  the environmental monitor does not
                             function properly, such as a temperature
                             sensor generates a abnormal data like
                             1000 C.

        "
```

Querying SNMP agent

- Some typical commands for querying:

- `snmpget`
- `snmpwalk`
- `snmpstatus`

- Syntax:

```
snmpXXX -c community -v1 host [oid]  
snmpXXX -c community -v2c host [oid]
```


Querying SNMP agent

- Let's take an example

- `snmpstatus -c xx -v2c 192.168.100.1`
 - `snmpget -c xx -v2c 192.168.80.30 .iso.org.dod.internet .mgmt.mib-2.interfaces.ifNumber.0`
 - `snmpwalk -c xx -v2c 192.168.101.1 ifDescr`

Querying SNMP agent

- Community:
 - A "security" string (password) to define whether the querying manager will have RO (read only) or RW (read write) access
 - This is the simplest form of authentication in SNMP
- OID
 - A value, for example, .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0, or it's name equivalent
 - .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.sysName.0
- Let's ask for the system's name (using the OID above)
 - Why the .0 ? What do you notice?

Coming up...

- Using snmpwalk, snmpget
- Configuring SNMPD
- Loading MIBs

References

- Basic SNMP at Cisco
<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/535/3.html>
http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/snmp.htm
- Wikipedia:
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple_Network_Management_Protocol
- IP Monitor MIB Browser
http://support.ipmonitor.com/mibs_byoidtree.aspx
Cisco MIB browser: <http://tools.cisco.com/Support/SNMP/do/BrowseOID.do>
- Open Source Java MIB Browser
<http://www.kill-9.org/mbrowse>
<http://www.dwipal.com/mibbrowser.htm> (Java)
- SNMP Link – collection of SNMP resources
<http://www.snmplink.org/>
- Net-SNMP Open Source SNMP tools
<http://net-snmp.sourceforge.net/>
- Integration with Nagios <http://www.cisl.ucar.edu/nets/tools/nagios/SNMP-traps.html>