DNS Exercise - Delegation

In this exercise, you will create a new domain, _something_.menog. You will create a master nameservice on your own machine, and someone else will provide slave service. Then you will ask the administrator for the domain above you (dns) to delegate your domain to you.

Firstly, note that each machine in the classroom should be given a working DNS name: hostXXX.menog. Check that it is configured correctly by using the 'hostname' command - e.g. on host101 you should see

- > # hostname
- > host101.menog

If not, then configure your server with its name: e.g. for host101

```
> # hostname host101.menog
```

- > # vi /etc/rc.conf
- > ...
- > hostname="host101.menog"
- > # vi /etc/hosts
- > ...
- > 10.10.1.101 host101.menog

Exercise

* Choose a new domain, write it here: _____.menog` (Do **not** choose any of the PC names, e.g. `host101`, as your subdomain)

This **could** for example be the name of your country code or country name, but REMEMBER that someone might pick the same name! First come, first serve.

- * Find someone who will agree to be slave for your domain. Please find someone across the room (Remember RFC2182: secondaries must be on remote networks here though we work on a flat net). You can have more than one slave if you wish.
- * Create your zone file in `/etc/namedb/master/xxxxxx.menog`
 (where xxxxxx is your chosen domain)

```
$TTL 10m
            SOA hostXXX.menog. yourname.example.com. (
    IN
                           2010041101 ; Serial
                                      ; Refresh
                           10m
                           10m
                                      ; Retry
                           4 w
                                      ; Expire
                           10m )
                                      ; Negative
          IN NS
                       hostXXX.menog. ; master
          IN
               NS
                       hostYYY.menog. ; slave
      IN A
                   10.10.1.XXX
WWW
                                        ; your own IP
```

Replace `yourname.example.com.` with your home E-mail address, changing "0" to "." and adding a "." to the end.

We have chosen purposely low values for TTL, refresh, and retry to make it easier to fix problems in the classroom. For a production domain you would use higher values, e.g. `\$TTL 1d`

* Edit `/etc/namedb/named.conf` to configure your machine as master for your domain, and add something like this at the end:

```
zone "xxxxxx.menog" { type master; file "master/xxxxxx.menog"; };
Pay attention to the ';' and '}'!
```

- * Check that your config file and zone file are valid, and then reload the nameserver daemon:
 - # named-checkconf
 - # named-checkzone xxxxxx.menog /etc/namedb/master/xxxxxx.menog

If there are any errors, correct them

* If this is not already done, enable named in your server's configuration, by editing the file /etc/rc.conf and adding, if this is not already done.

REMEMBER TO REMOVE THE SECTION: listen { 127.0.0.1; };

```
named_enable="YES"

Start named with
    # /etc/rc.d/named start

Check the result with
    # tail /var/log/messages
```

If there are any errors, correct them. Some configuration errors can cause the daemon to die completely, in which case you may have to start it again:

- # /etc/rc.d/named restart
- * Assist your **slaves** to configure themselves as slave for your domain, and configure yourself as a slave if asked to do so by another table.

The instructions for how to do this are on the slides, but here's a hint:

```
zone "xxxxxx.menog" {
   type slave; masters { 10.10.1.XXX; }; file "slave/xxxxxx.menog";
};
```

If you have changed your `named.conf` so that you are a slave for someone else, make sure there are no errors in `/var/log/messages` after you do `rndc reload`.

* Check that you and your slaves are giving authoritative answers for your domain:

```
# dig +norec @10.10.1.XXX xxxxxx.menog. soa
# dig +norec @10.10.1.YYY xxxxxx.menog. soa
```

Check that you get an AA (authoritative answer) from both, and that the serial numbers match.

* Now you are ready to request delegation - indicate to the instructor, on a piece of paper:

Domain	name:			.menog
Master	nameserver:	host	.menog	
Slave r	nameserver:	host	.menog	

- * You will not get delegation until the instructor has checked:
 - Your nameservers are all authoritative for your domain
 - They all have the same SOA serial number
 - The NS records within the zone match the list of servers you are requesting delegation for
 - The slave(s) are not on the same side of the room as you :)
- * Once you have delegation, try to resolve www.xxxxxx.menog:
 - On your own machine
 - On someone else's machine (who is not slave for you)
- * Add a new resource record to your zone file. Remember to update the serial number. Check that your slaves have updated. Try resolving this new name.