



Network Monitoring & Management

Log Management



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Syslog basics

Uses UDP protocol, port 514

Syslog messages have two attributes
(in addition to the message itself):

<u>Facility</u>			<u>Level</u>
Auth	Security		Emergency (0)
Authpriv	User		Alert (1)
Console	Syslog		Critical (2)
Cron	UUCP		Error (3)
Daemon	Mail		Warning (4)
Ftp	Ntp		Notice (5)
Kern	News		Info (6)
Lpr			Debug (7)
Local0 ... Local7			

Log Management and Monitoring

- Keep your logs in a secure place where they can be easily inspected.
- Watch your log files.
- They contain important information:
 - Lots of things happen and someone needs to review them.
 - It's not practical to do this manually.

Log Management and Monitoring

On your routers and switches

```
Sep  1 04:40:11.788 INDIA: %SEC-6-IPACCESSLOGP: list 100 denied tcp  
79.210.84.154(2167) -> 169.223.192.85(6662), 1 packet
```

```
Sep  1 04:42:35.270 INDIA: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by pr on  
vty0 (203.200.80.75)
```

```
%CI-3-TEMP: Overtemperature warning
```

```
Mar  1 00:05:51.443: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1, changed state to down
```

And, on your servers

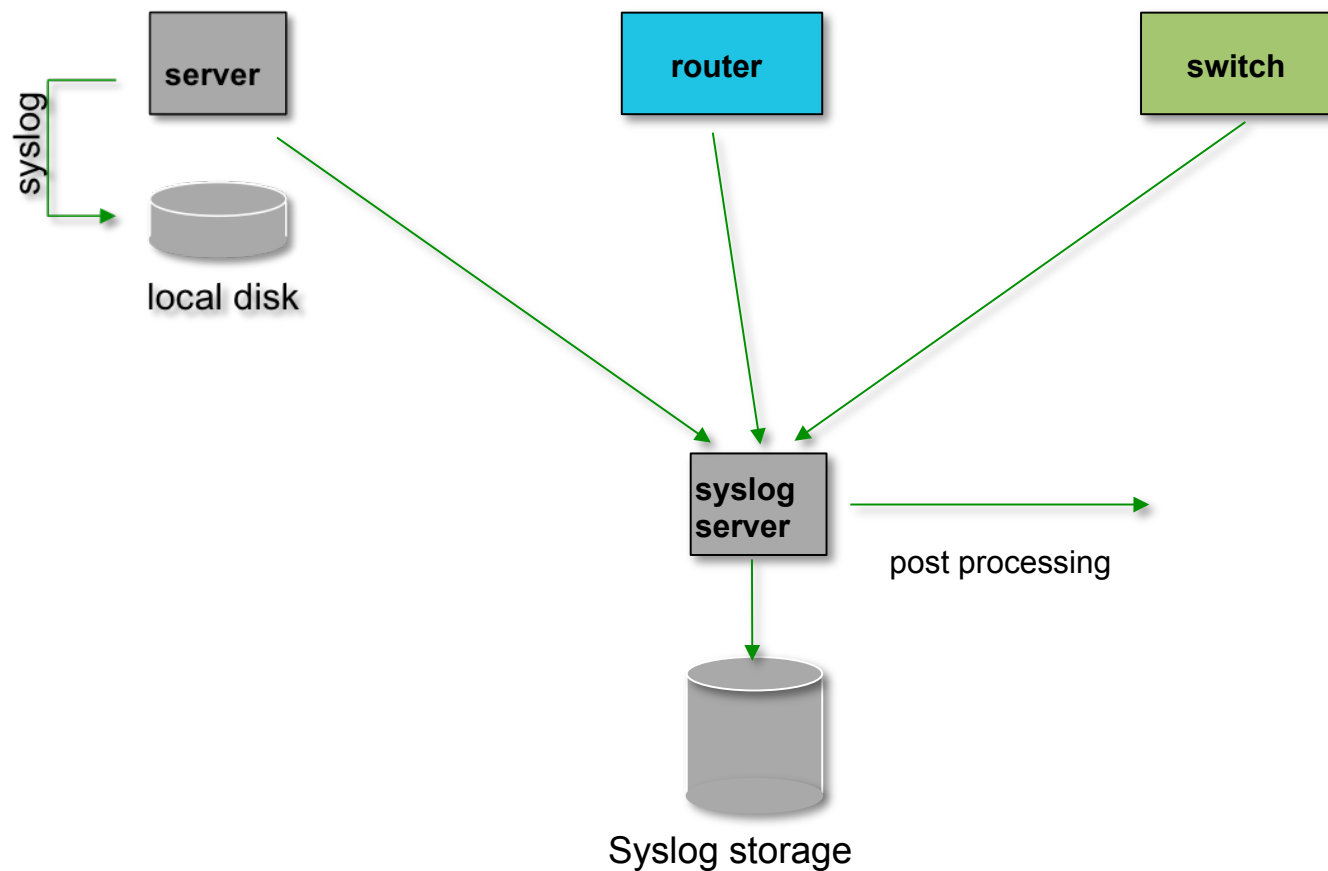
```
Aug 31 17:53:12 ubuntu nagios3: Caught SIGTERM, shutting down...
```

```
Aug 31 19:19:36 ubuntu sshd[16404]: Failed password for root from  
169.223.1.130 port 2039 ssh2
```

Log Management

- Centralize and consolidate log files
- Send all log messages from your routers, switches and servers to a single node – a *log server*.
- All network hardware and UNIX/Linux servers can be monitored using some version of *syslog* (we use `rsyslog` for this workshop).
- Windows can, also, use *syslog* with extra tools.
- Save a copy of the logs locally, but, also, save them to a central log server.

Centralized logging



Configuring centralized logging

Cisco hardware

- At a minimum:
 - logging ip.of.logging.host

Unix and Linux nodes

- In syslogd.conf, or in rsyslog.conf, add:

`*.* @ip.of.log.host`

- Restart syslogd or rsyslog

Other equipment have similar options

- Options to control *facility* and *level*

Receiving syslog messages

- Identify the *facility* that the equipment is going to use to send its messages.
- Reconfigure *rsyslog* to listen to the network*
 - In Ubuntu update the file `/etc/rsyslog`
- Create the following file and update*
`/etc/rsyslog.d/30-routerlogs.conf`
- Create a new directory for logs and update permissions on the directory:

```
# mkdir /var/log/network  
# chown syslog:adm /var/log/network
```
- Restart the *rsyslog* service:

```
# service rsyslog restart
```

*See logging exercises for details

Grouping logs

- Using *facility* and *level* you can group by category in distinct files.
- With software such as *rsyslog* you can group by machine, date, etc. automatically in different directories.
- You can use *grep* to review logs.
- You can use typical UNIX tools to group and eliminate items that you wish to filter:

```
egrep -v '(list 100 denied|logging rate-limited)' mylogfile
```

- Is there a way to do this automatically?

Tenshi

- Simple and flexible log monitoring tool
- Messages are classified into queues, using regular expressions
- Each queue can be configured to send a summary e-mail within a time period
 - E.g. You can tell Tenshi to send you a summary of all matching messages every 5 minutes to avoid cluttering your mailbox

Sample Tenshi Configuration

```
set uid tenshi  
set gid tenshi
```

```
set logfile /log/dhcp
```

```
set sleep 5  
set limit 800  
set pager_limit 2  
set mailserver localhost  
set subject tenshi report  
set hidepid on
```

```
set queue dhcpd tenshi@localhost sysadmin@noc.localdomain [*/10 * * * *]
```

```
group ^dhcpd:  
dhcpd ^dhcpd: .+no free leases  
dhcpd ^dhcpd: .+wrong network  
group_end
```

References & links

Rsyslog

<http://www.rsyslog.com/>

SyslogNG

<http://www.balabit.com/network-security/syslog-ng/>

Windows Log to Syslog

<http://code.google.com/p/eventlog-to-syslog/>

<http://www.intersectalliance.com/projects/index.html>

Tenshi

<http://www.inversepath.com/tenshi.html>

Other software

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/swatch/>

<http://www.crypt.gen.nz/logsurfer>

<http://simple-evcorr.sourceforge.net/>

Questions?

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