

# Network Management & Monitoring

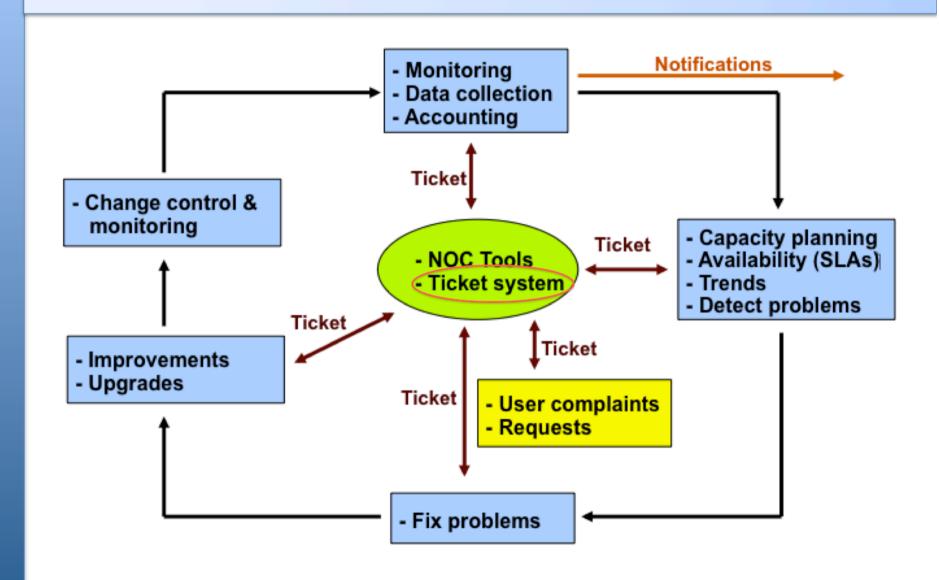
Ticketing Systems with RT



100011010100011101001101101

011101011010110001101010001

## Why Ticketing Systems?



## **Ticketing Systems**

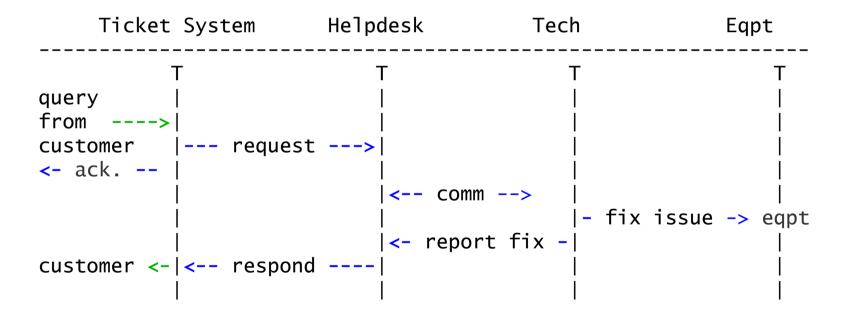
- Why are they important?
  - Track all events, failures and issues
- Focal point for help desk communication
- Use it to track all communications
  - Both internal and external
- Events originating from the outside:
  - customer complaints
- Events originating from the inside:
  - System outages (direct or indirect)
  - Planned maintenance, upgrades, etc.

## Ticketing Systems cont.

- Use ticket system to follow each case, including internal communication between technicians
- Each case is assigned a case number
- Each case goes through a similar life cycle:
  - New
  - Open
  - ...
  - Resolved
  - Closed

## Ticketing Systems cont.

#### **Help Request with Tickets**



## Request Tracker / Trac

#### RT

- Heavily used worldwide.
- Can be customized to your location.
- Somewhat difficult to install and configure.
- Handles large-scale operations.

#### trac



- A hybrid system that includes a wiki and project management features.
- Ticketing system not as robust as RT, but works well for web-only ticket interface.
- Often used for "trac"king group projects.
- Used for this course:

http://noc.ws.nsrc.org/wiki/



#### A few others...

Bugzilla http://www.bugzilla.org/

Cerberus

http://www.cerberusweb.com/

eTicket

http://www.eticketsupport.com/

itracker

http://www.itracker.org/

- Jutda Helpdesk

http://www.jutdahelpdesk.com/

- Mystic

http://www.hulihanapplications.com/projects/mystic

 OTRS (Open source Ticket Request System) http://otrs.org/

osTicket

http://osticket.com/

Simple Ticket

http://www.simpleticket.net/

Trouble Ticket Express

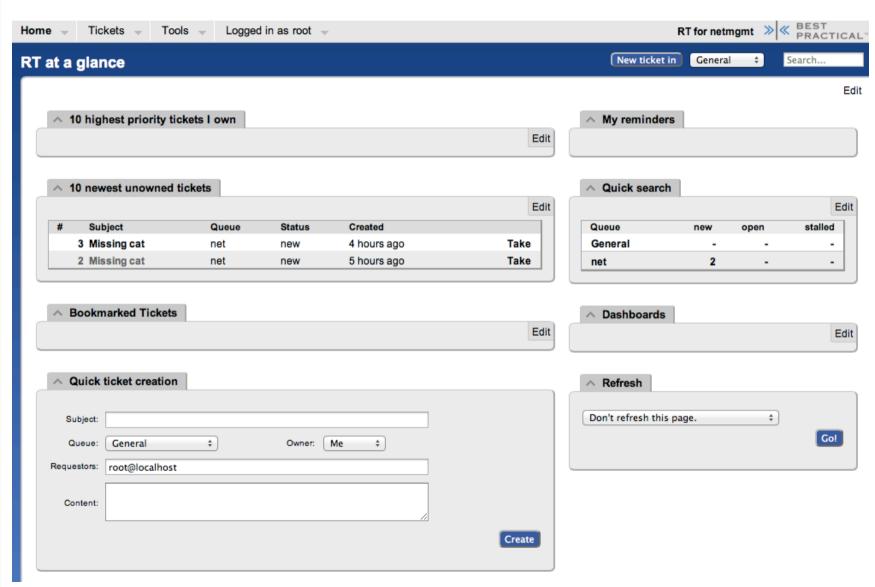
http://www.troubleticketexpress.com/open-source-software.html



## RT: Request Tracker

http://bestpractical.com/rt/

#### What's it Look Like?\*



## **Ticket Management Systems**

- Why do we use the term "ticket"?
- In order to resolve a problem...
  - Who wants what?
  - Who's going to work on this?
  - When did they ask, when was it done?
  - How much time did it take (billing, hours)?
  - What's left to do?
  - Everything is summarized and presented in a simple and intuitive manner.



## **Applications**

- User support
- Security problem management
- Issue Tracking / Incident Management

## **Essential Functionality**

- Several interfaces
  - Web, CLI, e-mail, etc.
- Multiuser
  - At different levels: admin, general user, guest
- Authentication and authorization
- Event history
- Handles dependencies
- Notifications

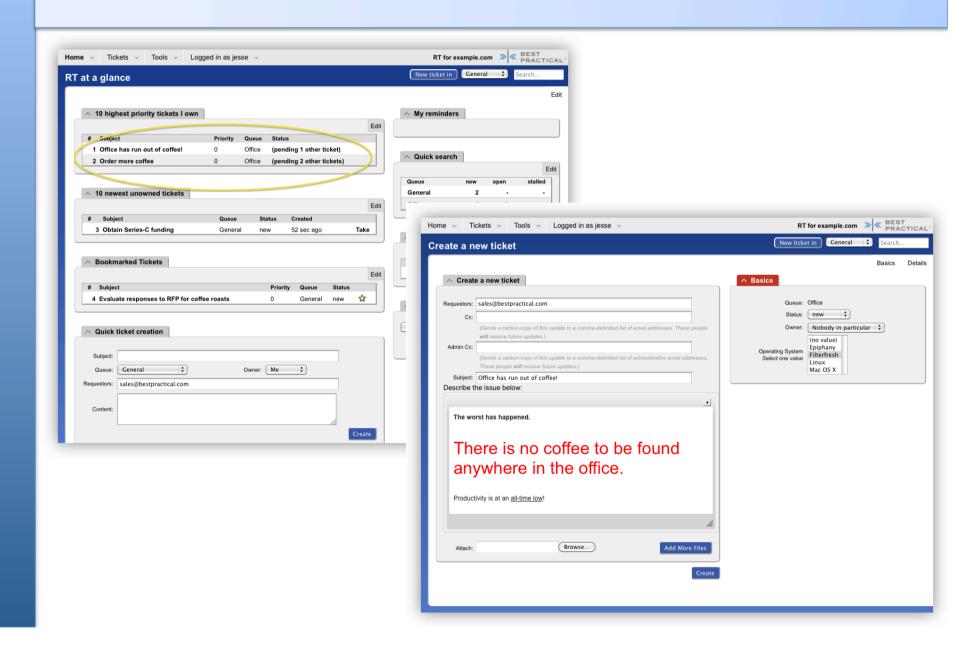
### Components

- Register an event (i.e., ticket creation)
- Assign an owner
- Assign interested parties
- Maintain change history
- Inform interested parties of each change
- Initiate activities based on status or priority

## **Typical Support Scenario**

- Lots of email traffic requesting help, request for services, etc.
- Archived as text without classification
- Very difficult to find current status or problem history.
- Sometimes problems were forgotten or never resolved.

#### **Critical Issues and Tickets**



## **RT: Advantages**

- Open source and free
- Heavily used and tested
- Very active development
- Flexible
- Web interface or control via email
- Backend database (MySQL, Postgresql, Oracle, SQLite

## **RT: Disadvantages**

- A bit tricky to install the first time...
  - Most distributions have packages that make installation a bit easier:
    - Red Hat, Fedora, SuSE, Debian, Ubuntu, FreeBSD, etc.
- It's powerful, so you'll need to spend some time learning how it works.

#### Problem Classification: Queues



- Services: DNS, IP addresses, Radius, LDAP
- Security: Attacks, scans, abuse, etc.
- Systems: Email accounts, passwords, etc
- Networking: Network Services Group
- Help Desk: Those who deal with end-users

## Web Server Configuration

#### **Two Options**

Virtualhost

http://rt.host.fqdn

Subdirectory

http://host.fqdn/rt/

#### Root user ('root')

- Change the default password on first login ('password')
- Assign the complete email for the root account root@host.fqdn
- Assign all user rights:Global -> User Rights

#### **User Creation**

- Create a userid for each member of your team.
- Assign privileges to each user.

## **Create Groups**

#### Create groups of users:

 Administering privileges by group is more efficient than doing so for each user.

#### **Create Queues**

#### Create queues for problem categories

- For example
  - security
  - accounts
  - connectivity
- Assign users to each queue
  - Different between AdminCC and CC
- Don't forget to create email aliases for each queue

## rt-mailgate

A critical component of RT. The rt-mailgate facility lets us:

- Define virtual users on the RT server that correspond to ticket queues in RT.
- Allow third-party software (Nagios, Cacti, Smokeping, etc.) to automatically generate tickets in specified queues via email.
- Provide a simple interface through which endusers can communicate with your support organization via RT.

## Scrips (actions)

# For each queue create automatic actions

- There is a group of scrips that apply to all queues.
  - Possible to customize per queue or globally
  - "scrips" are "snippets of Perl code"
  - Chapter 6 of the O'Reilly "RT Essentials" book
  - Details on how to use Scrips: http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Scrip

#### **Extensions**

# You can extend the functionality of RT. For example:

- Send daily emails to remind users of tickets that have not been "taken"
- Send daily emails to each user reminding them of their pending tickets.
- Periodically increment ticket priority
- You can execute commands via email

#### **Useful references:**

- http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Extensions
- http://bestpractical.com/rt/extensions.html

#### References

Best Practical Web site

http://bestpractical.com/rt

 RT Essentials. Dave Rolsky et al. O'Reilly Media, Inc.

 Contributions to RT: http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Contributions

Extensions

http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Extensions http://bestpractical.com/rt/extensions.html

Scrips

http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Scrip http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/ScripAction

