Goals of this Lab

Learn how to connect to the Internet via WiFi

- Excercises about:
 - scanning available WiFi networks
 - connecting to a WiFi access point
 - sending data to thingspeak

Lab Examples

From the Workshop's webpage, download the zip file with all the examples for this Lab 2 Session.

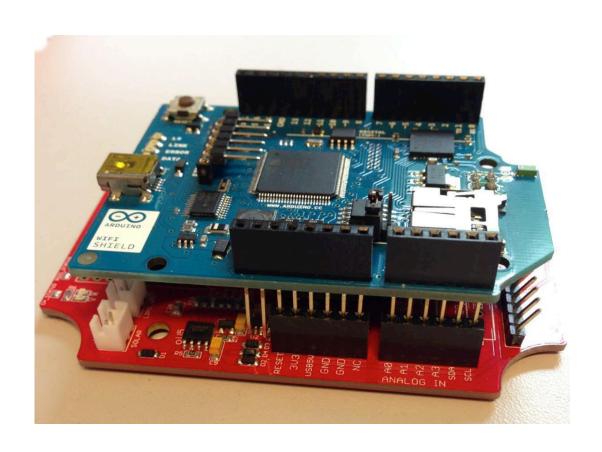
Open the folder called Example_1 and open the Example 1.ino file

Start!



Example_1

Connect the Ardiono WiFi shield on top of the Seeduino board.



Example_1

Example_1 will scan for available WiFi networks.

```
number of available networks:7
SDU-Wireless SMAC: 78:C4:E:1:D1:4F
Scanning available networks...
** Scan Networks **
number of available networks:6

    SDU-Wireless Signal: -46 dBm Encryption: None

    ictp-open Signal: -54 dBm Encryption: None

ictp-secure Signal: -55 dBm Encryption: WPA2

 eduroam Signal: -56 dBm Encryption: WPA2

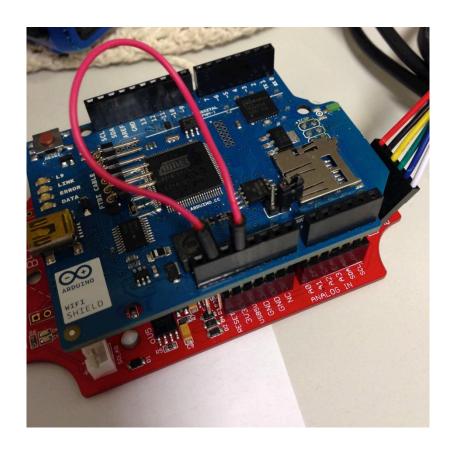
4) ictp-secure Signal: -80 dBm Encryption: WPA2
          Signal: -81 dBm Encryption: WPA2
eduroam
```

Example_1: attention!



On the USB device, select 5V in order for the WiFi Shield to work!

Example_1: attention!



You need to connect pins #2 and #4 with a cable in order for the WiFi Shield to work!

Example_1 - extended

What is the most powerful WiFi Access Point you can see?

Try to move and check how the signal level changes.

Write down the name of the network you want to connect to.

Example_2

Example_2 will connect to a WiFi network with WPA authentication (password).

Adjust the name of the network and the password.

```
#include <WiFi.h>
char ssid[] = "yourNetwork"; // your network SSID (name)
char pass[] = "secretPassword"; // your network password
int status = WL_IDLE_STATUS; // the Wifi radio's status
```

Example_2 - output

```
Attempting to connect to WPA SSID: MZTC
You're connected to the networkSSID: MZTC
BSSID: 20:C9:D0:1C:D4:8B
signal strength (RSSI):-47
Encryption Type:4
IP Address: 10.0.1.7
10.0.1.7
MAC address: 78:C4:E:1:D1:4F
SSID: MZTC
BSSID: 20:C9:D0:1C:D4:8B
signal strength (RSSI):-47
Encryption Type:4
SSID: MZTC
BSSID: 20:C9:D0:1C:D4:8B
signal strength (RSSI):-47
Encryption Type:4
```

Example_2 - extended

What is your IP address?

What is the signal level (RSSI)?

Storing your data

There are *many* online platforms to store and visualize your data

http://postscapes.com/internet-of-things-platforms has a list of platforms

I reccomend https://ubidots.com and https://plot.ly/

Storing your data

Paid for support if required

From http://openmicros.org/index.php/articles/89-iot-and-cloud-provision/141-list-of-cloud-providers y http://postscapes.com/internet-of-things-platforms?order=author

AirVantage http://www.sierrawireless.com/ • Sierra Wireless managed paid for M2M cloud	 One Platform http://exosite.com/products/onep API driven cloud based logging. Free home/
provider	community user accounts
Amee http://www.amee.com/	paraimpu http://paraimpu.crs4.it/
Environmental Intelligence Everywhere	Currently in Invite Only Alpha testing
Arkessa http://www.arkessa.com/m2m/	 Patchube https://pachube.com/
 3G/GPRS based paid for M2M solution 	 Example code available
Axeda http://www.axeda.com/	 Free to use with graph generation, triggers and
 Paid subscription only M2M cloud provider 	good user support base
Bugswarm http://bugswarm.net/	 ProxPlatform http://www.neuaer.com/developers
 JavaScript environment based around Bug 	Mobile phone based object tracking
hardware	SEN.SE http://open.sen.se/
Cloudrfnet http://www.cloudrfnet.com/	 Example code available
 Open, Flexible, Affordable. In development and 	Invite only beta testing
coming soon	Sensinode http://www.sensinode.com/
Evrythng http://evrythng.net/	 Proprietry NanoStack device network
 Currently in beta release, data repository for 'things' 	 SensorCloud http://sensorcloud.com/
Etherios http://www.etherios.com/	 Designed around MicroStrain sensors. API for 3rd party devices. Limited free account
	 SensorLogic http://sensorlogic.com/
HP Cense http://www.hp.com/	M2M cloud network provider
In-house HP powered nano-sensor network	 ThingSpeak https://www.thingspeak.com/
iDigi http://www.idigi.com/	Has Arduino section in Forum. Looks good, needs
Xbee based pay as you go data logging service (free	testing.
for 5 device demo)	 Thingworx http://www.thingworx.com/
iobridge http://www.iobridge.com/	 Complete end to end solution
 Free logging site based around IO modules. Linked with ThingSpeak 	* Yaler http://www.yaler.org/
Nimbits http://www.nimbits.com/	 Example code available. Control of devices (Arduino) that are behind a
Example code available	firewall
Free logging with detailed triggers and graphing.	* Xively https://xively.com/
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Storing your data - considerations

There are some issues to consider when choosing an online platform:

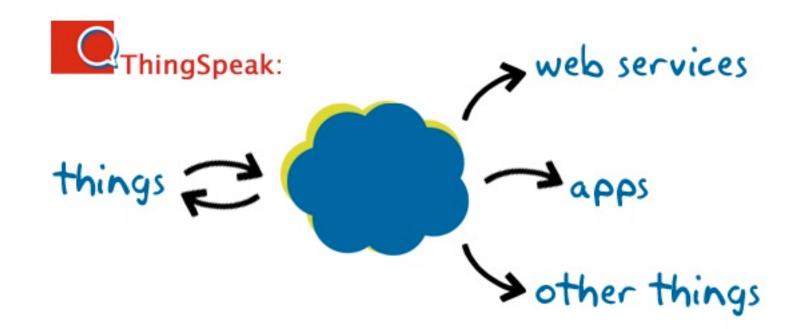
- who owns *your* data?
- how reliable is the platform?
- will it be online next year?
- what about privacy? (how important is your data?)
- open source or proprietary?

Storing your data - thingspeak

All purpose data storage and retrieval

Tweet sized data

Push data from devices



Storing your data - thingspeak

Data types: sensor data, text data, geolocation data

Data visualization:charts, maps

Open Source API and Web App

https://github.com/iobridge/ThingSpeak

Channel - The name for where data can be inserted or retrieved within the ThingSpeak API, identified by a numerical Channel ID

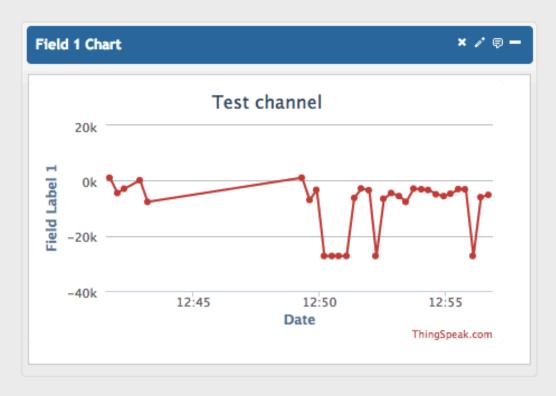
Field - One of eight specific locations for data inside of a channel, identified by a number between 1 to 8 – A field can store numeric data from sensors or alphanumeric strings from serial devices or RFID readers

Status - A short status message to augment the data stored in a channel

Test channel

by marcozennaro

This channel has temperature, humidity and pressure in Bangkok.



Location - The latitude, longitude, and elevation of where data is being sent from

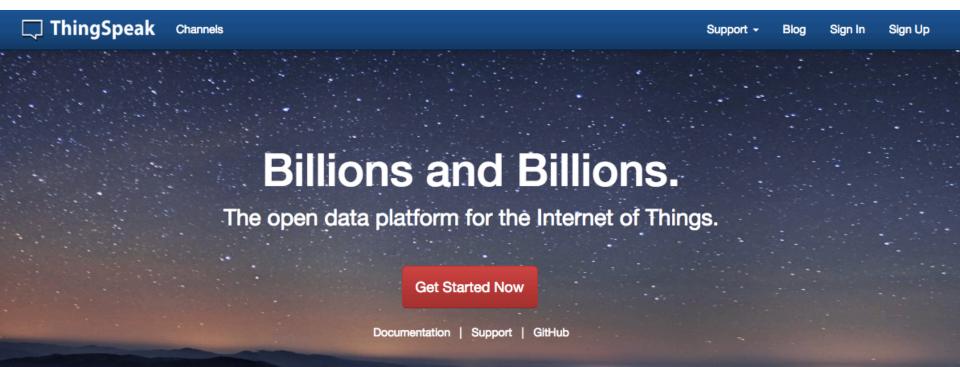
Feed - The collective name for the data stored inside a channel, which may be any combination of field data, status updates, and location info

Write API Key – A 16 digit code that allows an application to write data to a channel

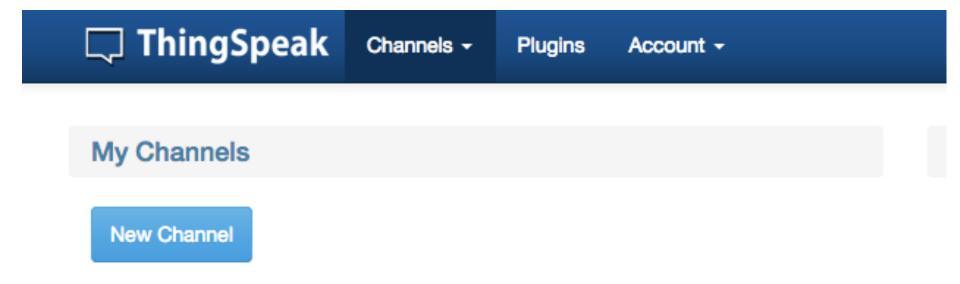
Read API Key – A 16 digit code that allows an application to read the data stored in a channel

Sign up to our local thingspeak:

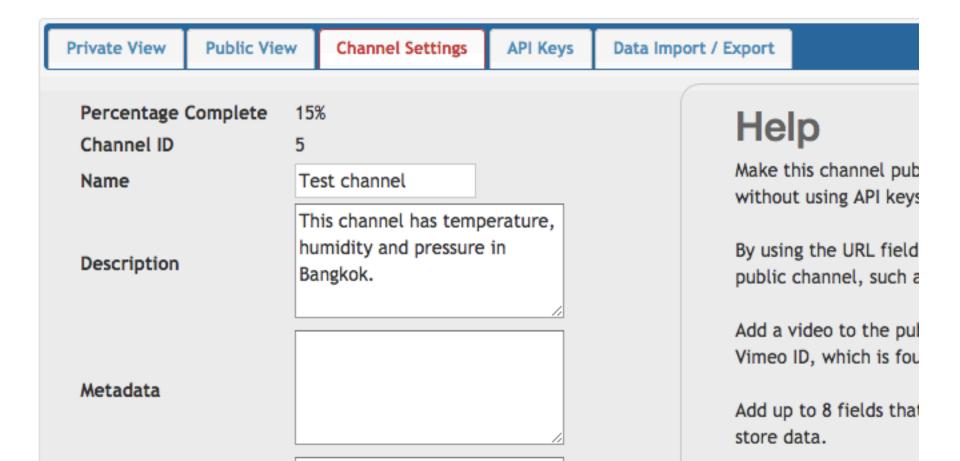
http://203.159.0.30:3000/ (it's free!)

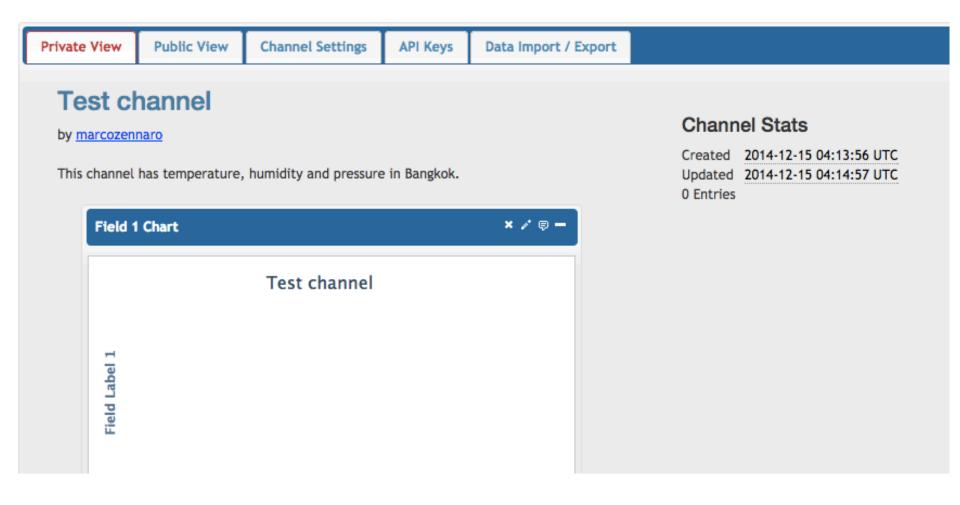


Create a new channel

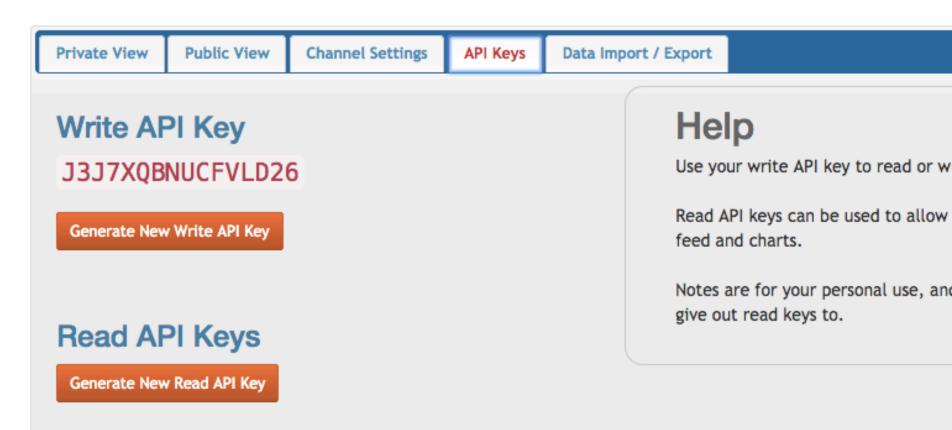


Give the channel a name and description





Copy the Write API Key



Fill in your thingspeak writeAPI, WiFi ssid and password.

```
// ThingSpeak Settings
char thingSpeakAddress[] = "203.159.0.30"; //TS

String writeAPIKey = "J3J7XQBNUCFVLD26"; //TS
const int updateThingSpeakInterval = 16 * 1000; // Time interval in
milliseconds to update ThingSpeak (number of seconds * 1000 = interval)

char ssid[] = "WSN_1"; // your network SSID (name)
char pass[] = "wsn@2014"; // your network password
```

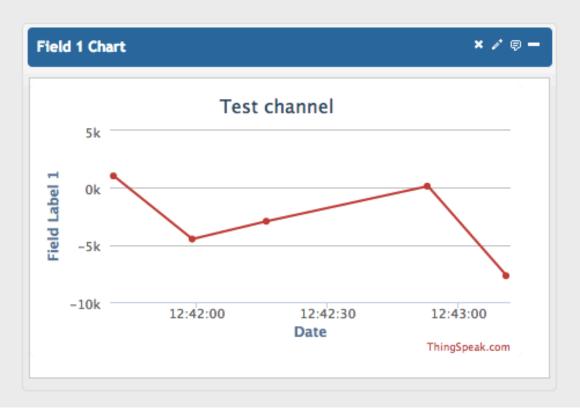
You can add one or mode fields.

```
// Update ThingSpeak
if(!client.connected() && (millis() - lastConnectionTime >
updateThingSpeakInterval))
{
   updateThingSpeak("field1="+analogPin0);
   Serial.print(analogPin0);
   Serial.write(186);
   Serial.println("C");
   printCurrentNet();
}
```

Test channel

by marcozennaro

This channel has temperature, humidity and pressure in Bangkok.



Channel Stats

Created 2014-12-15 04:13:56 UTC Updated 2014-12-15 05:41:58 UTC

2 Entries

API Rate Limit

The open service via ThingSpeak.com has a rate limit of an update per channel every 15 **seconds**. This limit is so that the service can remain free and give everyone a high-level of service. The API source will also be made available on GitHub so that you can run this locally or via a shared web host provider. At that point you will be able to tweak settings for your application requirements.

Example_3 - extended

Graph data from the internal temperature (RTC) sensor.

Share the links of your graphs on the mailing list.

Add an external Grove sensor to the graph. Add a second one. And then a third one!

Thanks

Marco Zennaro

mzennaro@ictp.it

www.wsnblog.com