

Arduino - an Introduction

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based on courses given at ICTP Trieste & the IT University of Copenhagen
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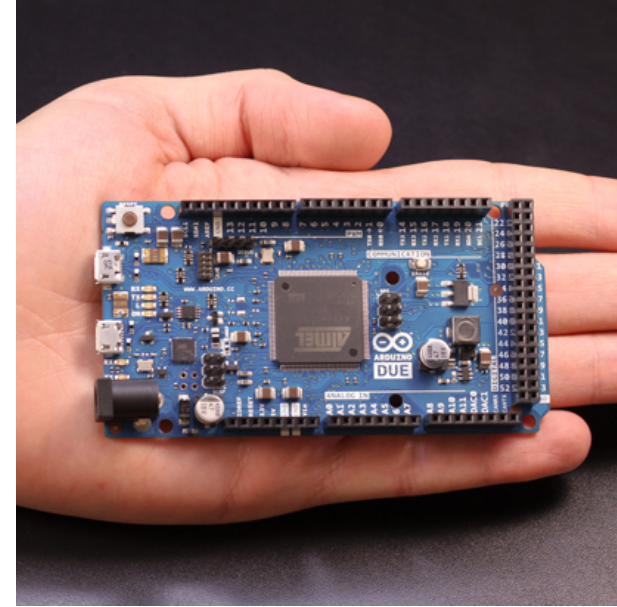
What is Arduino?

Arduino is an
**open-source
electronics prototyping platform**

based on flexible,
**easy-to-use
hardware and software.**

It's intended for
artists, designers, hobbyists,
and anyone interested
in creating interactive objects or environments.

<http://arduino.cc/>



Who makes Arduino?



ShapeOko: NES + Arduino + 3 Axis Mill = Awesome!

by Edward Ford • 3 years ago • 13,601 views

Using a classic NES controller to manipulate the X,Y, and Z axis' of my DIY CNC

HD



Working pipboy 3000

by MyMagicPudding • 1 year ago • 1,102,997 views

Update: Tutorial: <http://mymagicpudding.blogspot.co.uk/2013/02/making-pipboy->

HD



Arduino Quadcopter Progress 1

by GamecubePerson111 • 7 months ago • 181 views

Arduino powered Quadcopter test.



30 Arduino Projects for the Evil Genius

by Simon Monk • 2 years ago • 314,296 views

This is an introduction to the book '30 Arduino Projects for the Evil Genius' by



Awesome Arduino Robot Avoiding Walls

by AweseomePossumCraft • 1 month ago • 69 views

Using the Four Wheel Platform, an Arduino with an Adafruit AFMotor Shield and a

HD

The **Arduino team** is:
Massimo Banzi,
David Cuartielles,
Tom Igoe,
Gianluca Martino,
and David Mellis.

**It is carried by a
huge global crowd of
enthusiast developers.**

**By 2014, an estimated
1.5 million Arduinos have been sold.**

Arduino – Getting started



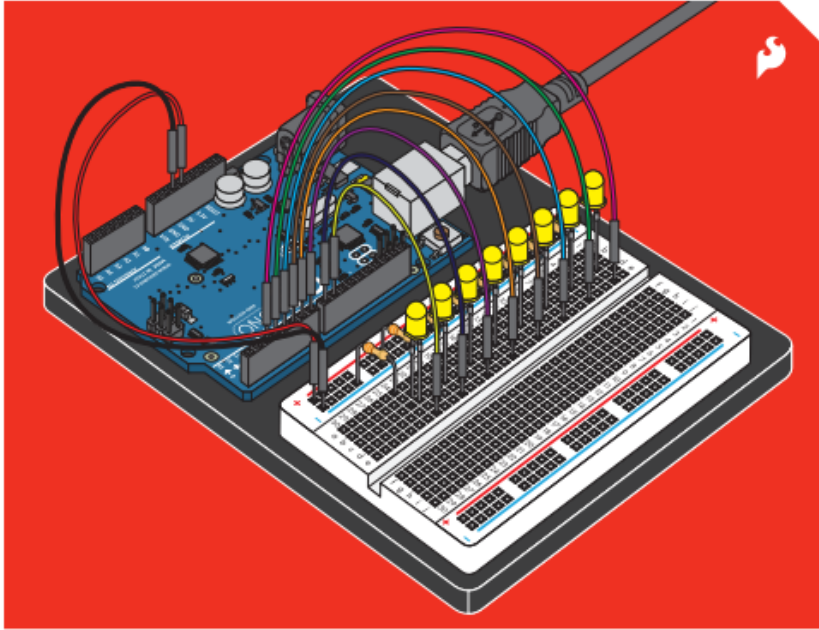
<http://arduino.cc>

**Arduino is all about
community and sharing!
Anything you might need
has probably already been tried and documented somewhere!
Just try: <https://duckduckgo.com/?q=arduino>**

**Some good starting points are:
Sparkfun, Adafruit, Seeedstudio, Maker zines**

**Thailand sites/shops include:
<http://www.arduino.in.th/>
<http://www.arduinothaishop.com/>**

Arduino – Getting started



SIK GUIDE

Your Guide to the SparkFun Inventor's Kit for Arduino

**Sparkfun Inventors KIT (SIK)
& Guide**

<https://www.sparkfun.com/products/12060>

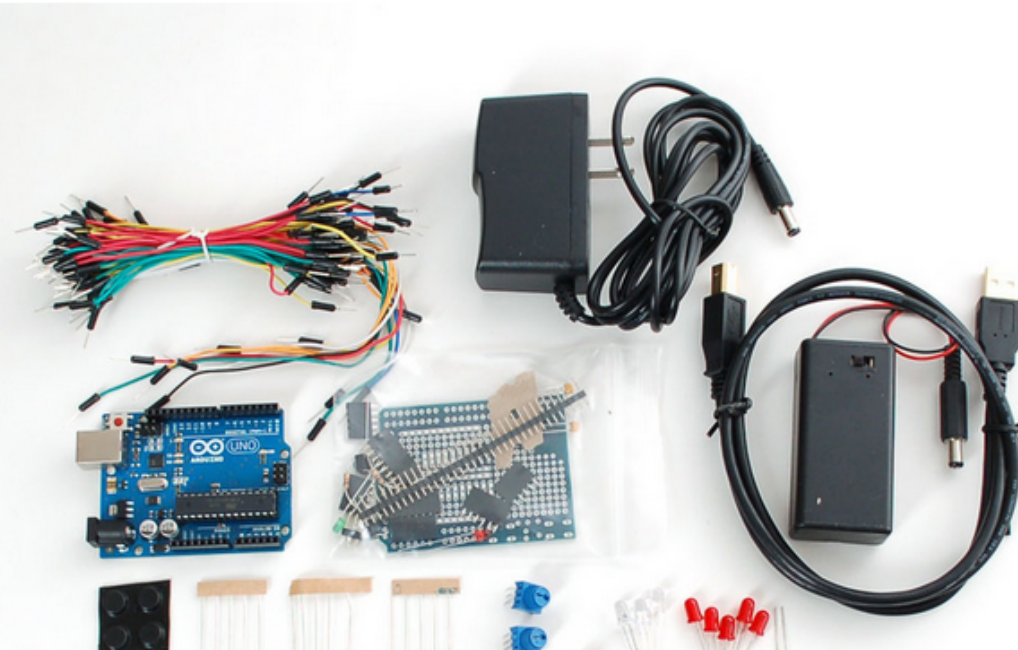
Arduino – Getting started

[SHOP](#)[BLOG](#)[LEARN](#)[FORUMS](#)[VIDEOS](#)[LEARN ARDUINO](#)

Getting Started

If you are just getting started with the Arduino, congratulations and welcome to the world of microcontrollers and electronics!

BILL EARL



Adafruit Arduino Selection Guide

Which Arduino is Right for Me?

[Selecting an Arduino](#)[Getting Started](#)[Bigger and Better Projects](#)

<https://learn.adafruit.com/adafruit-arduino-selection-guide/selecting-an-arduino>

Why Arduino?

Arduino is

Inexpensive (~ \$20 for official, from ~\$5 for clones)

Quite easy to learn

Flexible

Low power

Good for sensing and controlling

Great for use in education

Application: Arduino for WSN

Today, many WSN systems are expensive and not transparent to their users.

Arduino offers a great chance to make WSN

more affordable

more open

As Arduino is a prototyping and experimenting platform, it will **not be optimal for every aspect** - but, once a good solution has been found, it may become a new Arduino-type hardware design, optimized for the given task.

Tech details – programming Arduino

The software consists of a standard programming language compiler and a **boot loader** that executes on the **microcontroller**.

The programming language is based on **wiring**,

the development environment is based on **processing** - both **wiring** and **processing** are open source components.

Tech details – Arduino vs C/C++

Those familiar with C/C++ will find many similarities.

In terms of syntax, Arduino is (almost) identical to C++. however, it only implements a *subset* of full C++,

It links against the hardware-specific AVR_Libc, and thus is not fully portable.

Objects can not be created dynamically, e.g.

The size of an array has to be known at compile time.

Tech details – Arduino vs processing

Arduino/Processing Language Comparison

The Arduino language (based on Wiring) is implemented in C/C++, and therefore has some differences from the Processing language, which is based on Java.

Arrays

<i>Arduino</i>	<i>Processing</i>
<pre>int bar[8]; bar[0] = 1;</pre>	<pre>int[] bar = new int[8]; bar[0] = 1;</pre>
<pre>int foo[] = { 0, 1, 2 };</pre>	<pre>int foo[] = { 0, 1, 2 }; or int[] foo = { 0, 1, 2 };</pre>

Loops

<i>Arduino</i>	<i>Processing</i>
<pre>int i; for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) { ... }</pre>	<pre>for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) { ... }</pre>

Printing

<i>Arduino</i>	<i>Processing</i>
<pre>Serial.println("hello world");</pre>	<pre>println("hello world");</pre>
<pre>int i = 5; Serial.println(i);</pre>	<pre>int i = 5; println(i);</pre>
<pre>int i = 5; Serial.print("i = "); Serial.print(i); Serial.println();</pre>	<pre>int i = 5; println("i = " + i);</pre>

Arduino - elements

The arduino language has 3 main elements:

Structure, Variables, Functions.

Structure

The most important two parts of any Arduino program:

setup()	<i>executed once in the start</i>
loop()	<i>executed repeatedly (looped)</i>

(There's no main())

Tech details - software

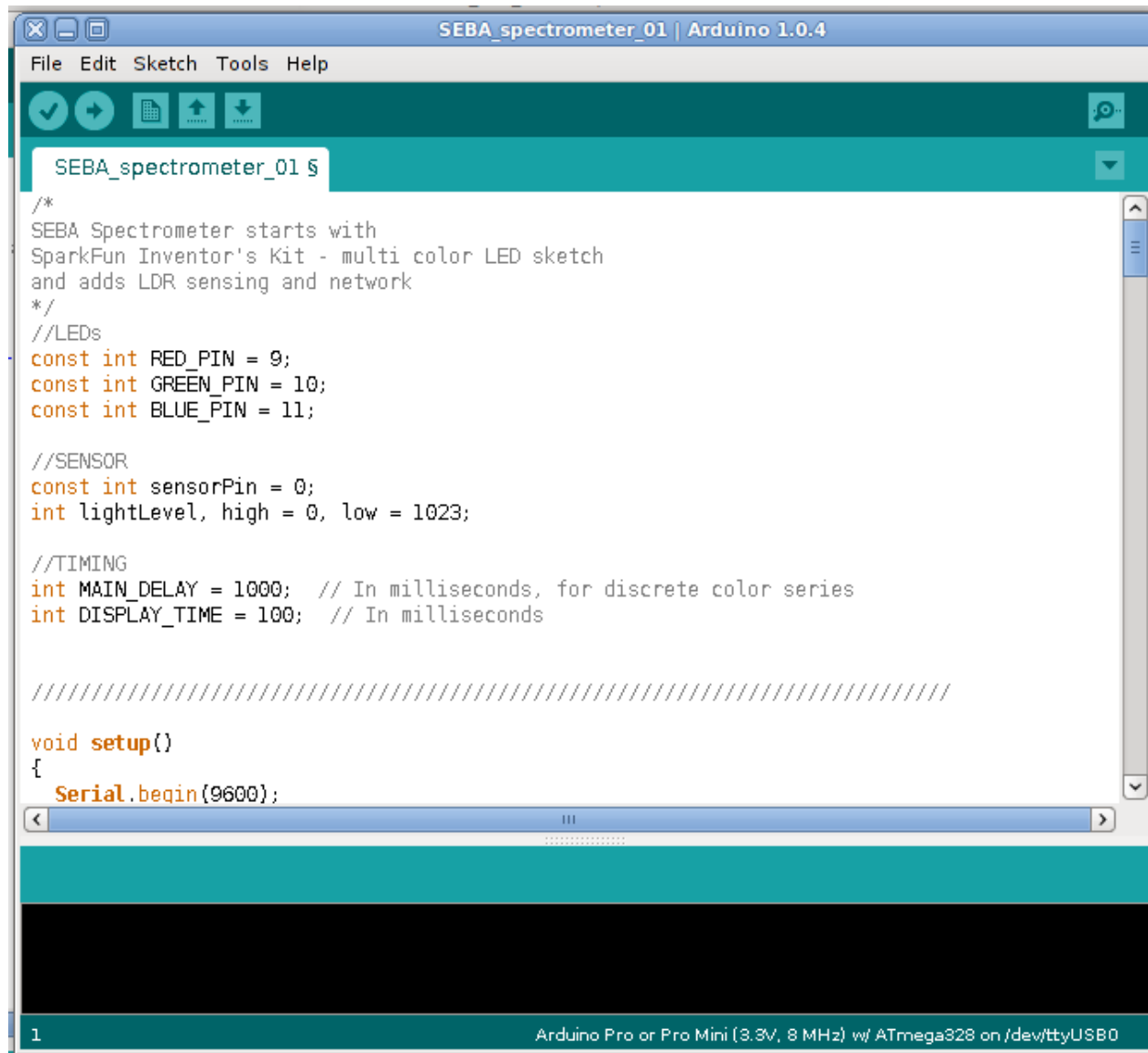
The language offers the familiar set of **operators, variables, functions.**

An important concept is the use of **libraries.**

For a full description of the language, see

<http://arduino.cc/en/Reference/HomePage>

Tech details - IDE



```
SEBA_spectrometer_01 §
/*
SEBA Spectrometer starts with
SparkFun Inventor's Kit - multi color LED sketch
and adds LDR sensing and network
*/
//LEDs
const int RED_PIN = 9;
const int GREEN_PIN = 10;
const int BLUE_PIN = 11;

//SENSOR
const int sensorPin = 0;
int lightLevel, high = 0, low = 1023;

//TIMING
int MAIN_DELAY = 1000; // In milliseconds, for discrete color series
int DISPLAY_TIME = 100; // In milliseconds

////////////////////////////////////

void setup()
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
}
```

1 Arduino Pro or Pro Mini (3.3V, 8 MHz) w/ ATmega328 on /dev/ttyUSB0

Tech details - hardware

Arduino boards are based around
Atmel processors (ATM168, ATM328).

The main board can be extended by a wide offering of so-called **shields**, for example

- Network shields
for all kinds of wireless and wired communications,
- Sensor shields for hundreds of sensing applications.

Think of shields as a kind of adapter,
often providing some extra functionality

Tech details - hardware

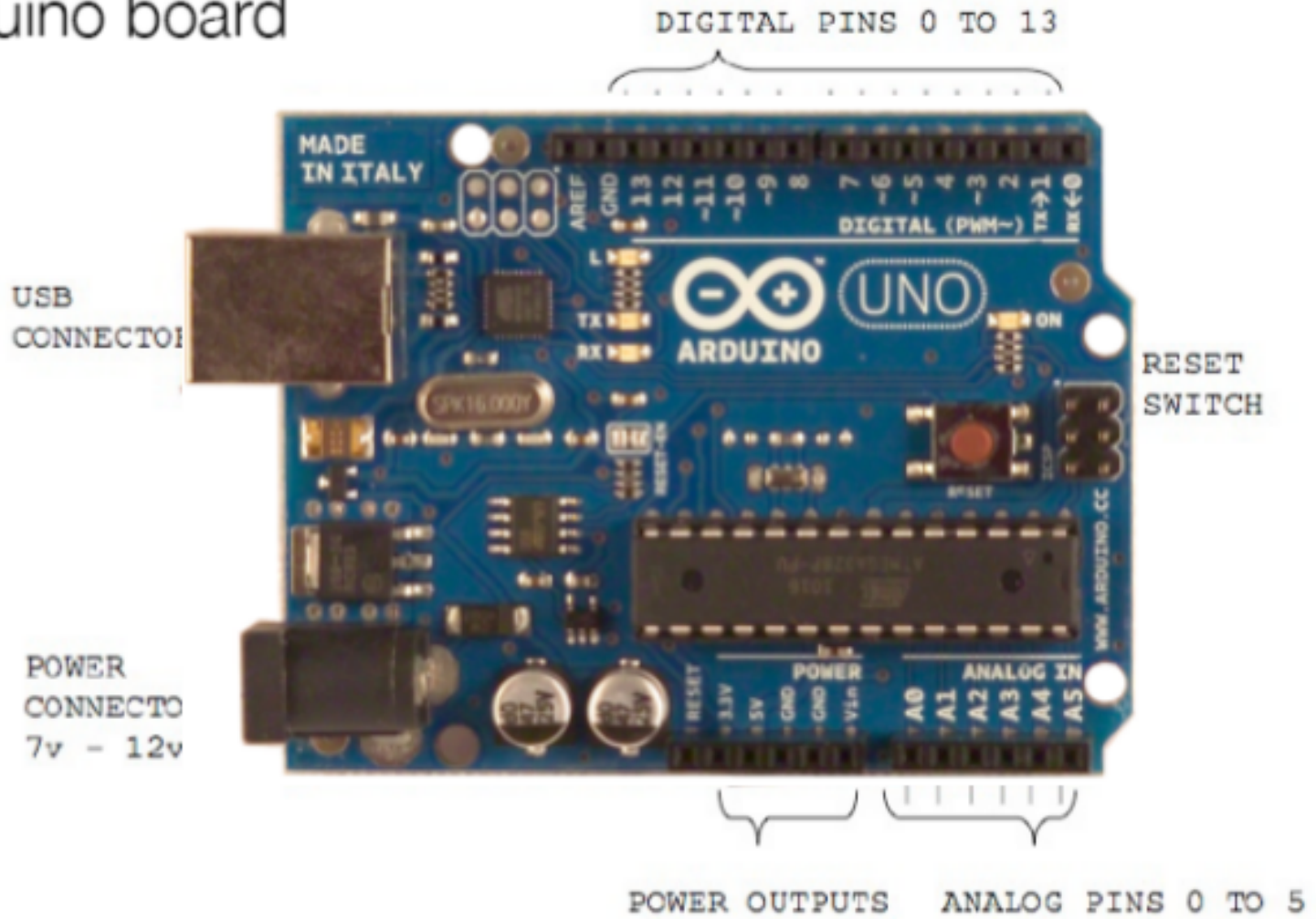
Typical boards:

- 8 bit controllers (the 2012 DUE board was first with 32 bit)
- 8 / 16 Mhz
- Typically 32k of memory for code, up to 512k
- Run on 3.3 or 5 Volts (some can take more)

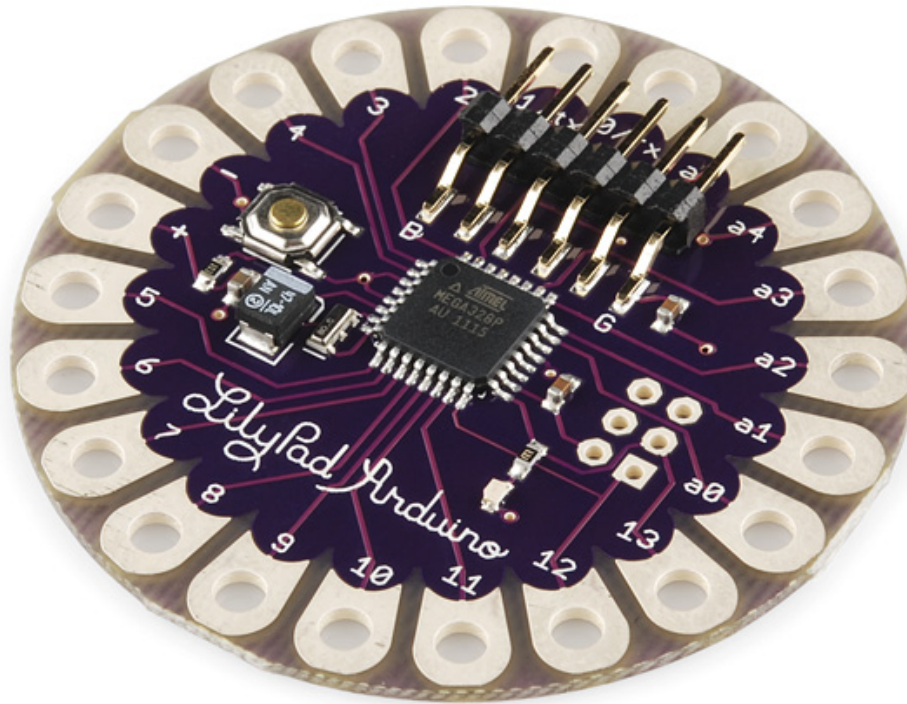
<http://arduino.cc/en/Products.Compare>

An Arduino board

Arduino board



Arduino boards in many forms



Arduino boards in many forms



Arduino Uno



Arduino Leonardo



Arduino Ethernet



Arduino Mini



Arduino Pro Mini



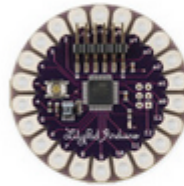
Arduino Pro



Arduino Due



Arduino Esplora



LilyPad Arduino



LilyPad Arduino
USB



Arduino Fio



Arduino Mega 2560



Arduino Mega ADK

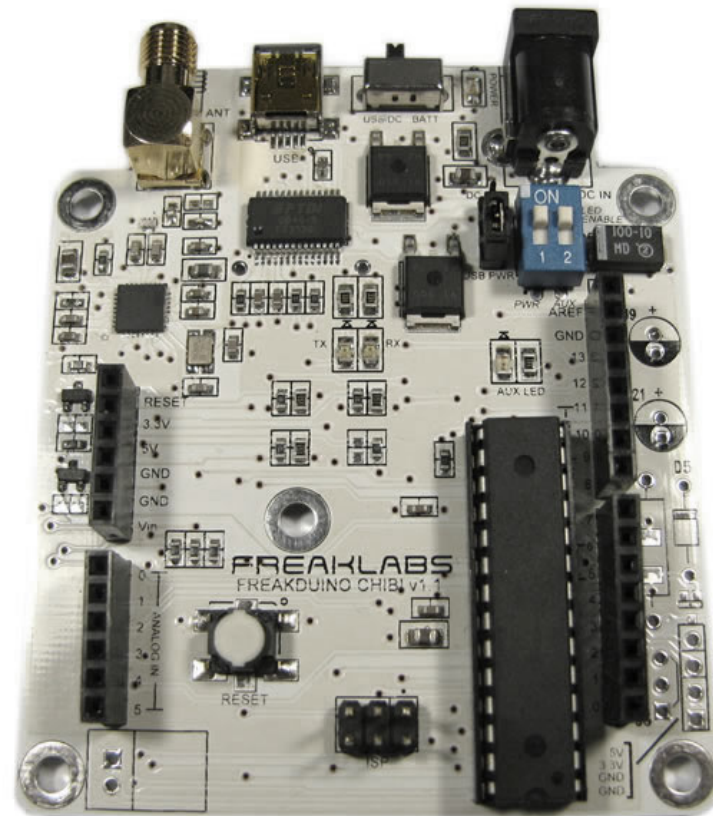
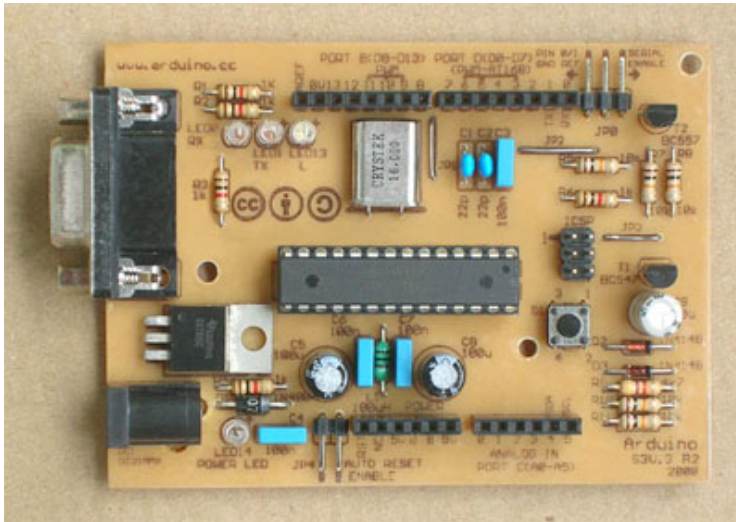


Arduino Micro



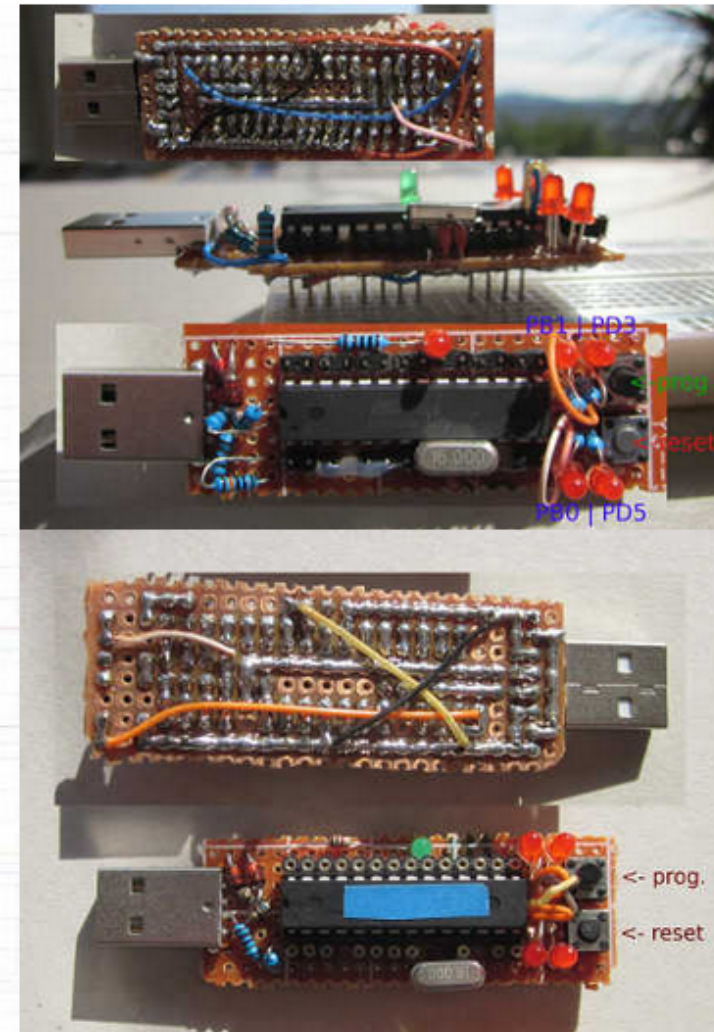
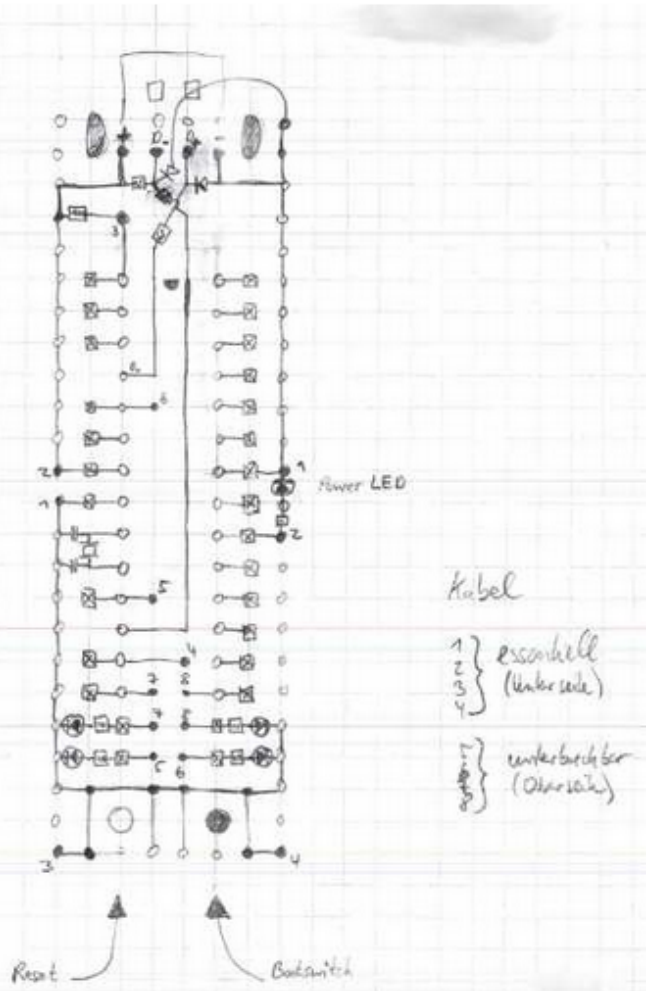
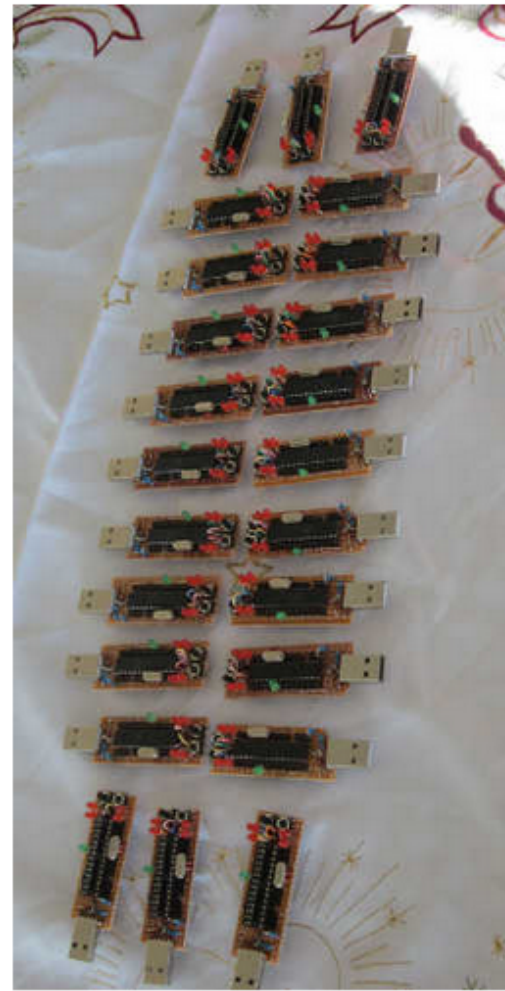
Arduino Nano

Arduino boards in many forms



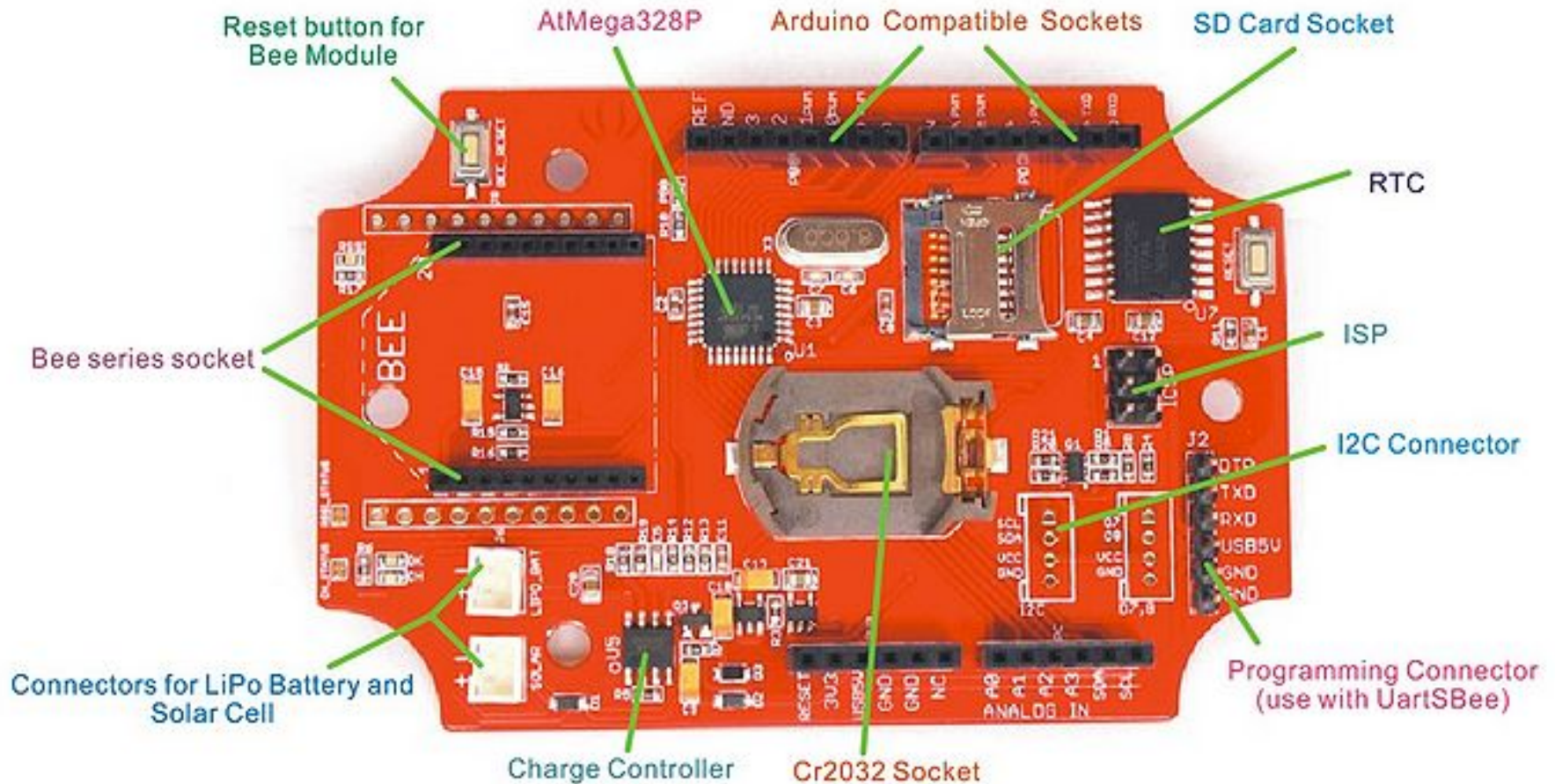
Do your own board

First revision

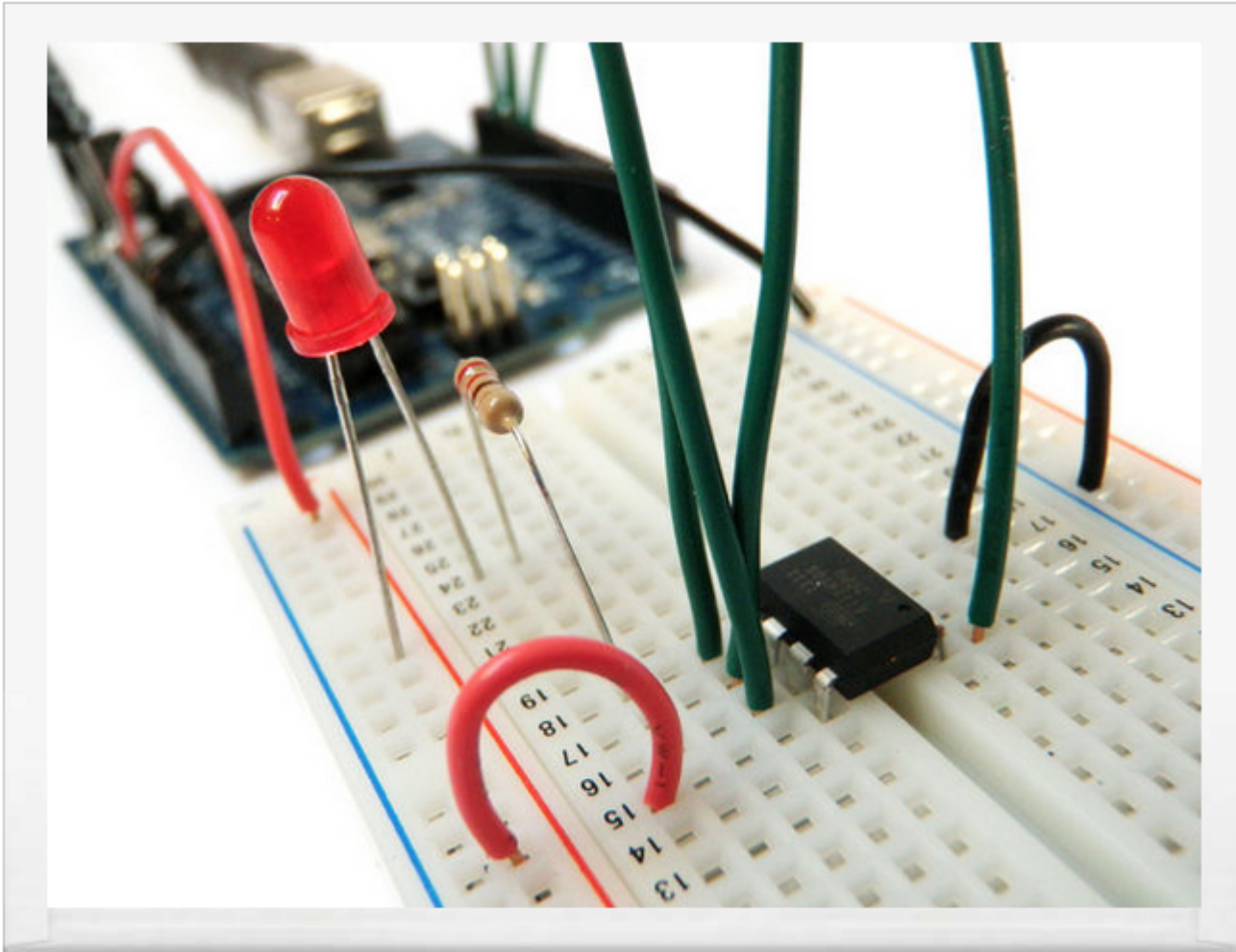


matrixstorm.com/avr/tinyusbboard/tinyUSBboard_female.jpg

Arduino boards: Seeeduino



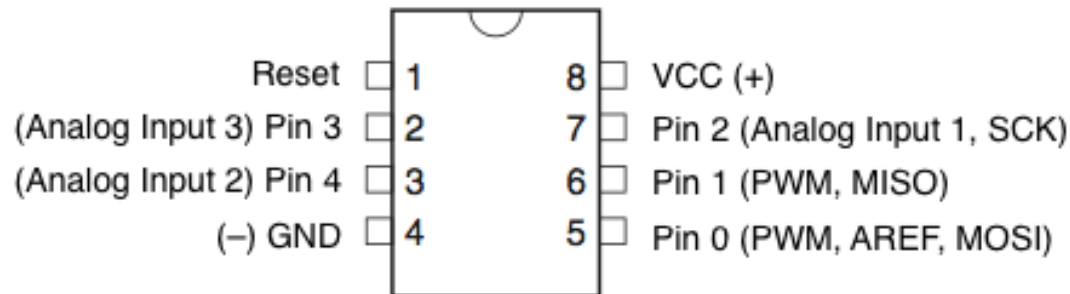
Arduino on chip: ATTiny



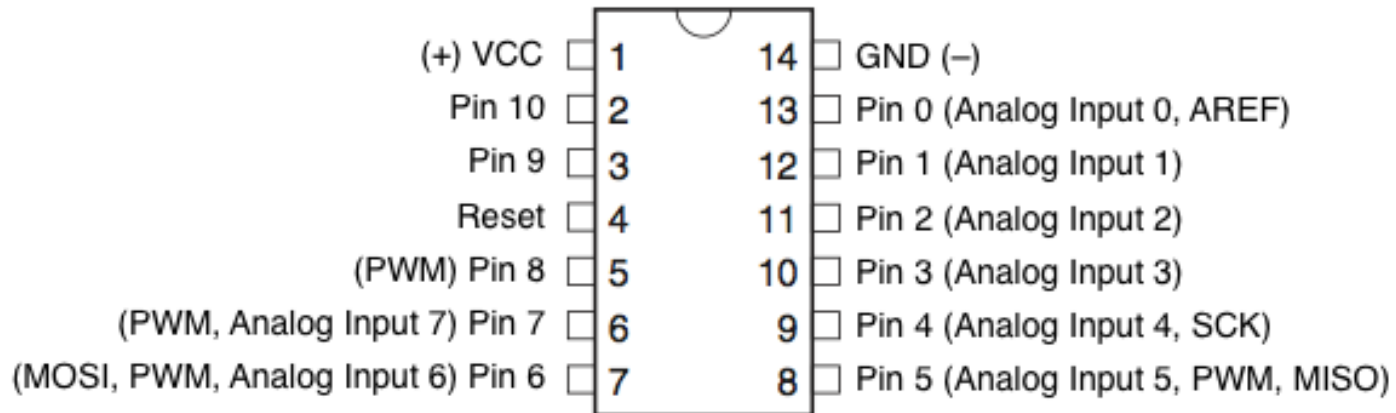
Arduino on chip: ATtiny

ATtiny Microcontroller Pin-Outs

ATtiny45 / ATtiny85



ATtiny44 / ATtiny84



Arduino - actuators

Actuators



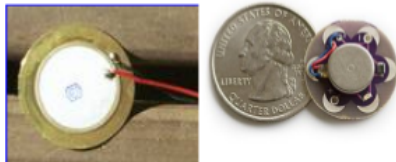
LED



heat plate



motor



piezo/buzzer



relay



fan

Arduino - sensors

Sensors



button

heat sensor



light sensor



RFID reader



proximity
sensor



accelerometer

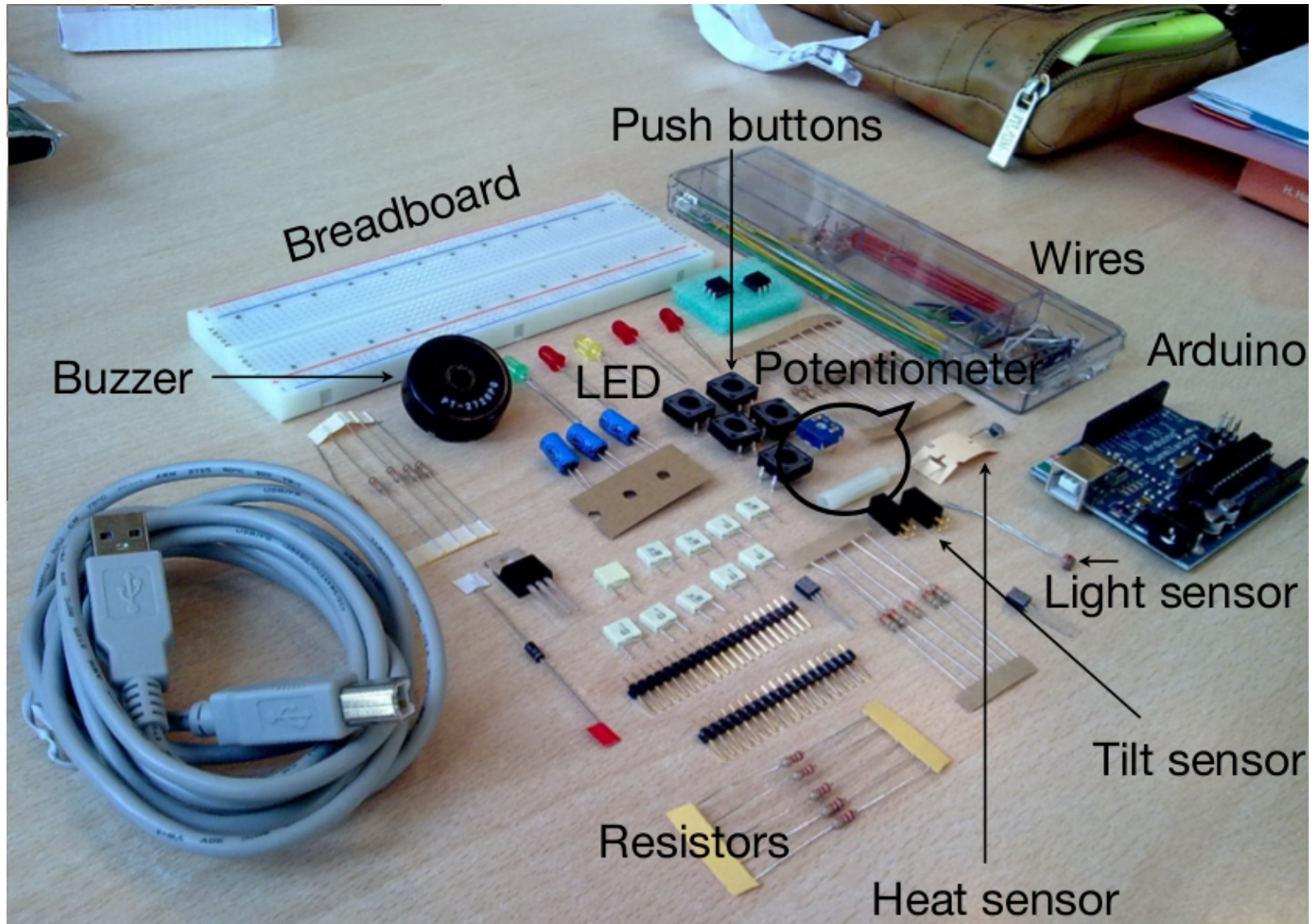


piezo/
pressure sensor



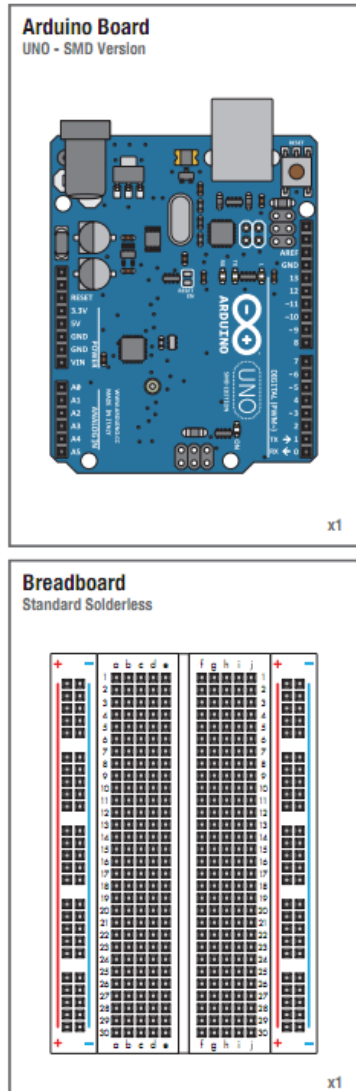
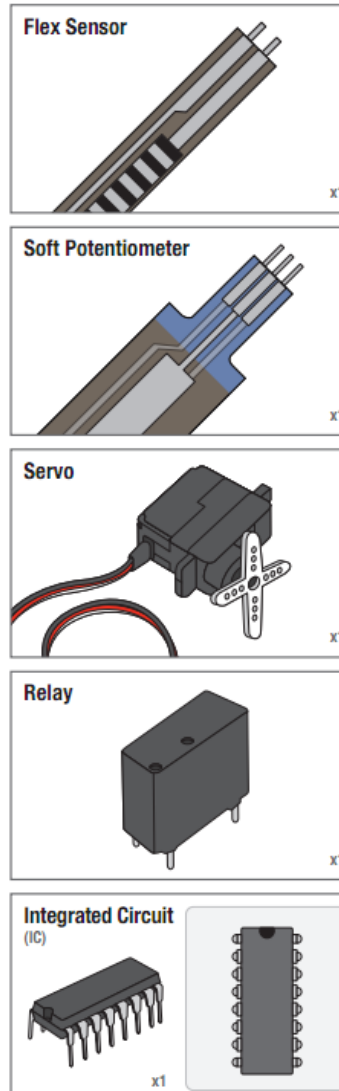
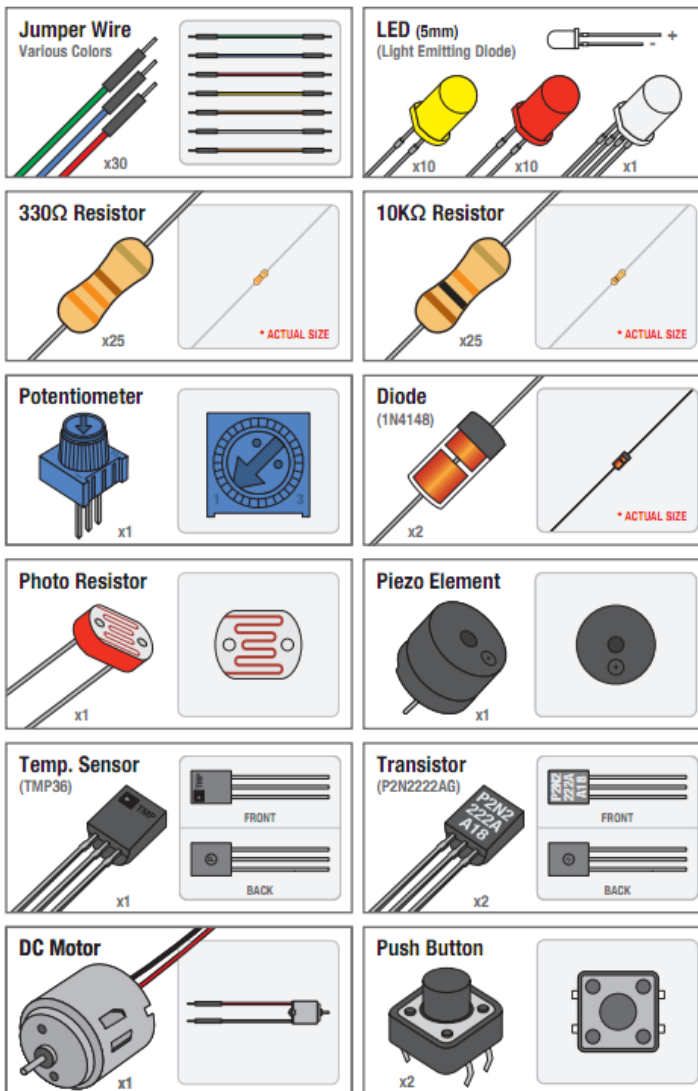
flex sensor

Arduino - kit



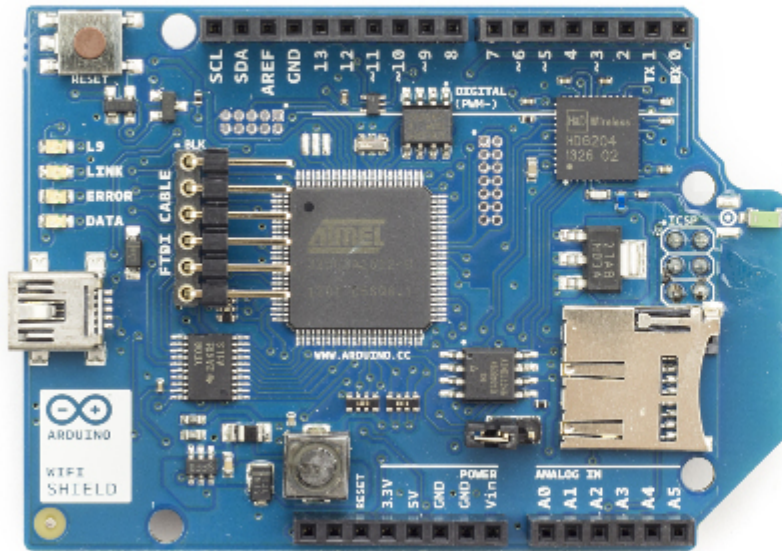
Arduino – Sparkfun SIK

Inventory of Parts

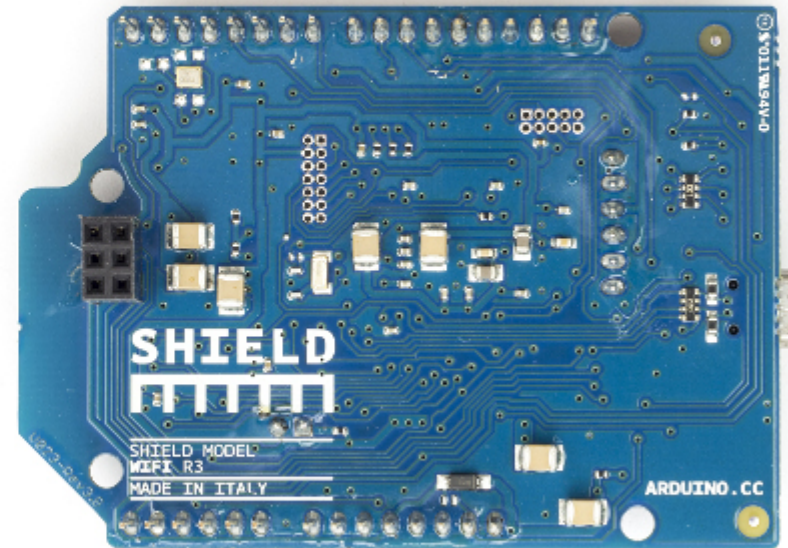


Shields: Arduino WiFi Shield

Arduino WiFi Shield

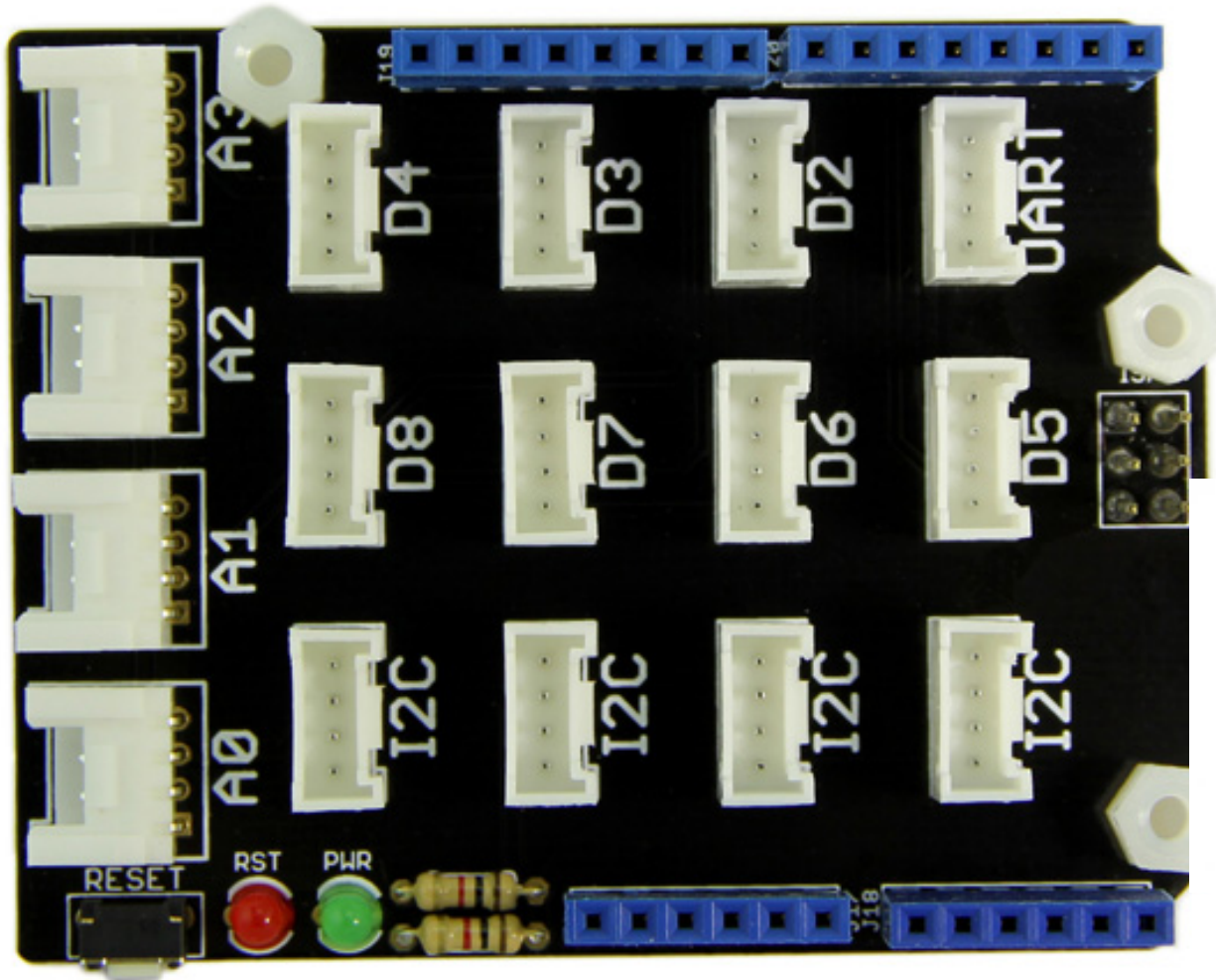


Arduino WiFi Shield Front



Arduino WiFi Shield Back

Shields: The Grove system



Shields: The Grove system



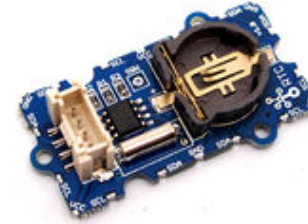
Grove - Water Sensor



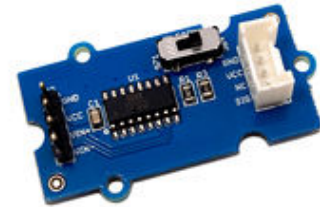
Grove - Magnetic Switch



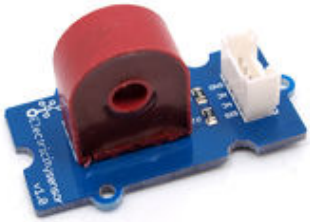
Grove - Alcohol Sensor



Grove - RTC



Grove - Differential Amplifier



Grove - Electricity Sensor



Grove - Sound Sensor



Grove - IR Distance Interrupt



Grove - Tilt Switch



Grove - Encoder



Grove - I2C Color Sensor



Grove - Sound Recorder



Grove - Moisture Sensor



Grove - PIR Motion Sensor



Grove - Infrared Reflective Sensor

Arduino at ITU: Arducopters

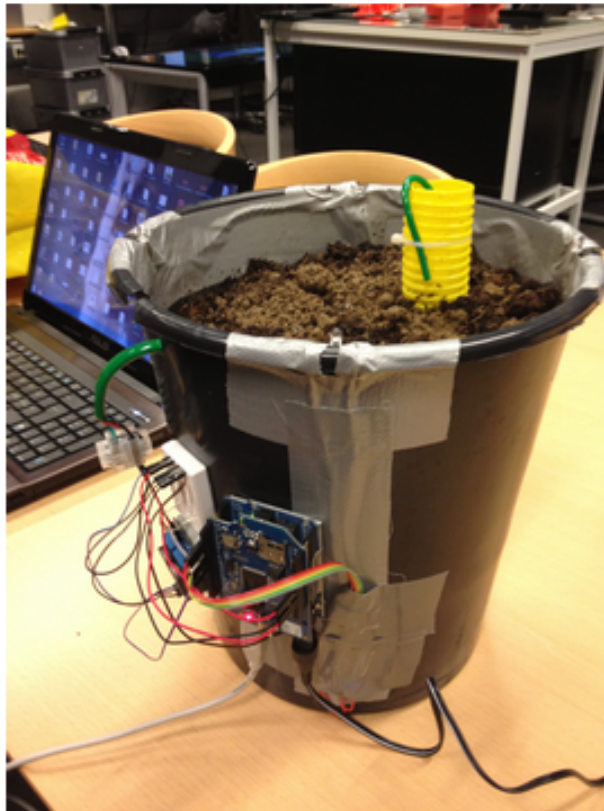


ITU: iPlant project



Project Description

People enjoy plants, their benefits and the feeling related to nurturing them. However for most people it becomes challenging to keep them healthy and alive. To accommodate this challenge we have developed a prototype, which makes a plant more selfsufficient, watering itself from a large water tank and providing itself with artificial sunlight. The prototype reports status of its current conditions and also reminds the user to refill the water tank. The system automation is designed to be assistive to the user. We hope that through this prototype people will enjoy having plants without the challenges related to absent or forgetfulness. iPlant is a step towards modern and future homes. Utilising the concepts of pervasive computing where users have complete control over their spaces.



Documentation

- [iPlant Report](#)
- [Appendix](#)

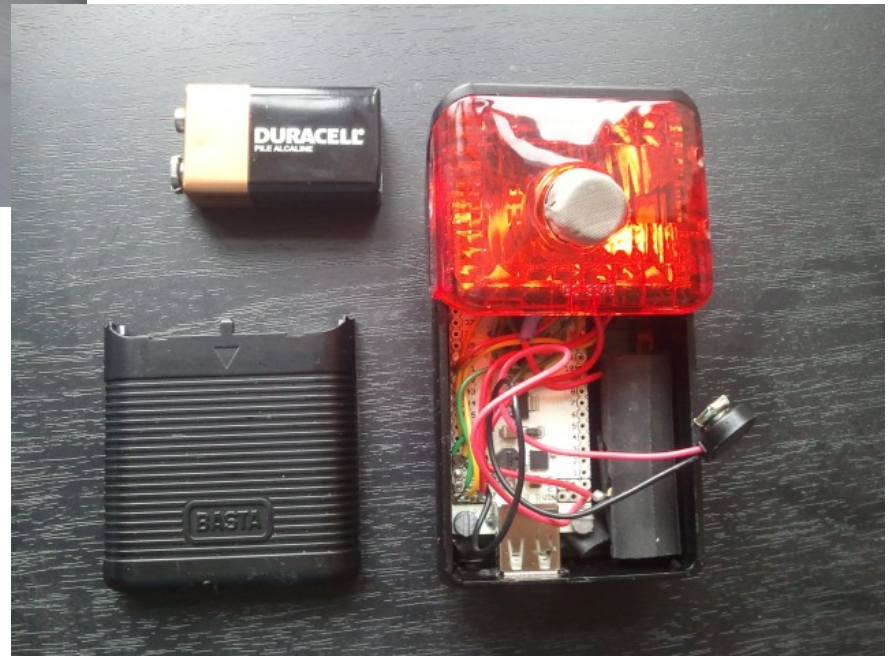
Showcase

- [Data Collection](#)
- [Overview](#)
- [User Settings](#)

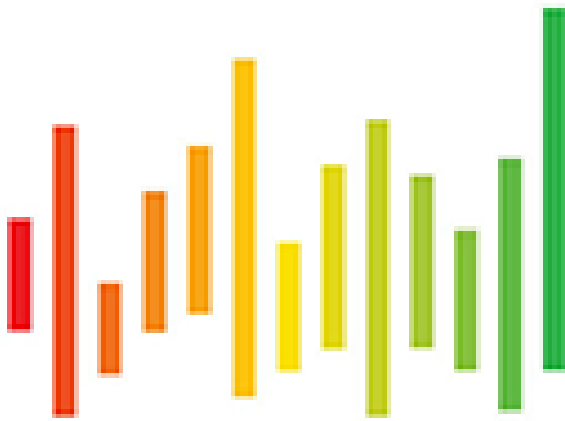
Video

- [Concept](#)
- [Sensor Monitoring](#)

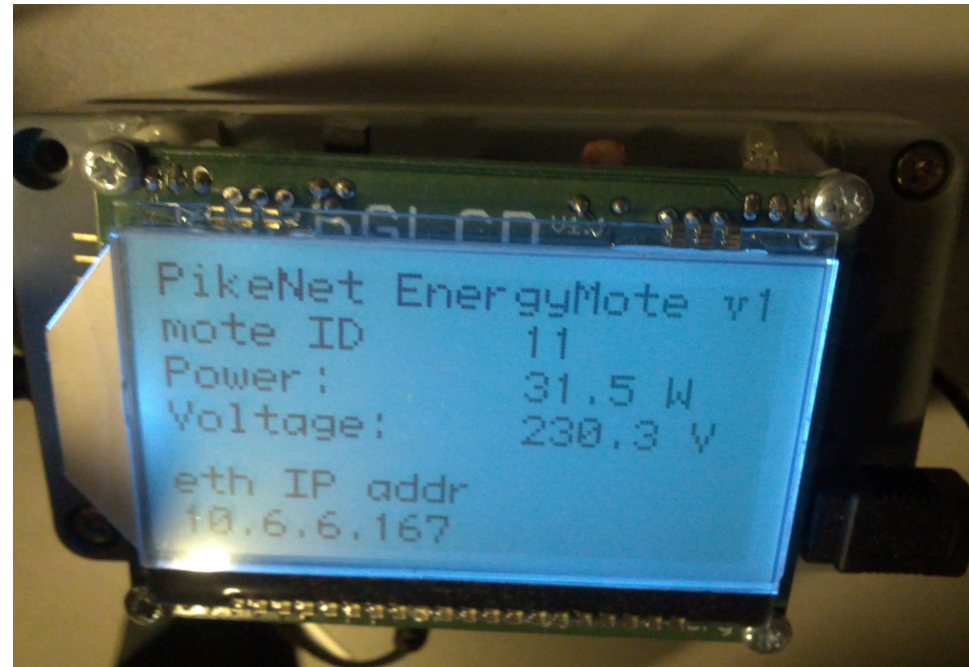
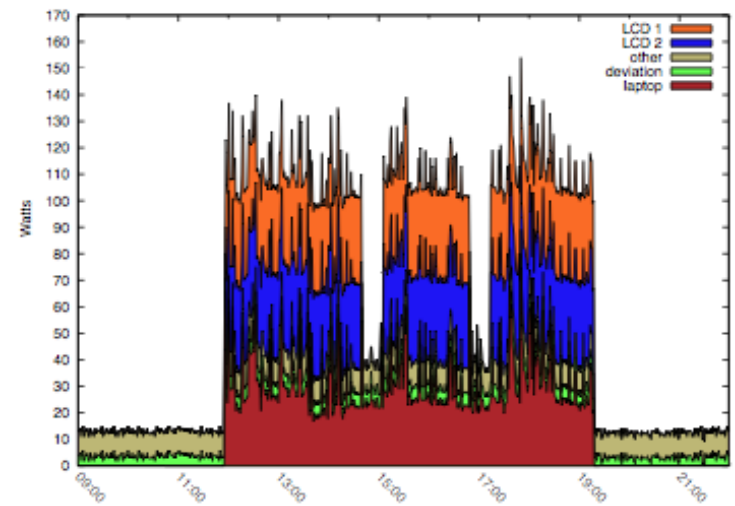
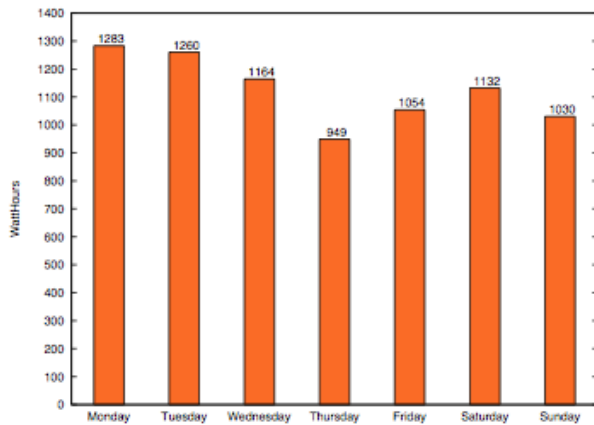
ITU: NoXDroid / bAIR project

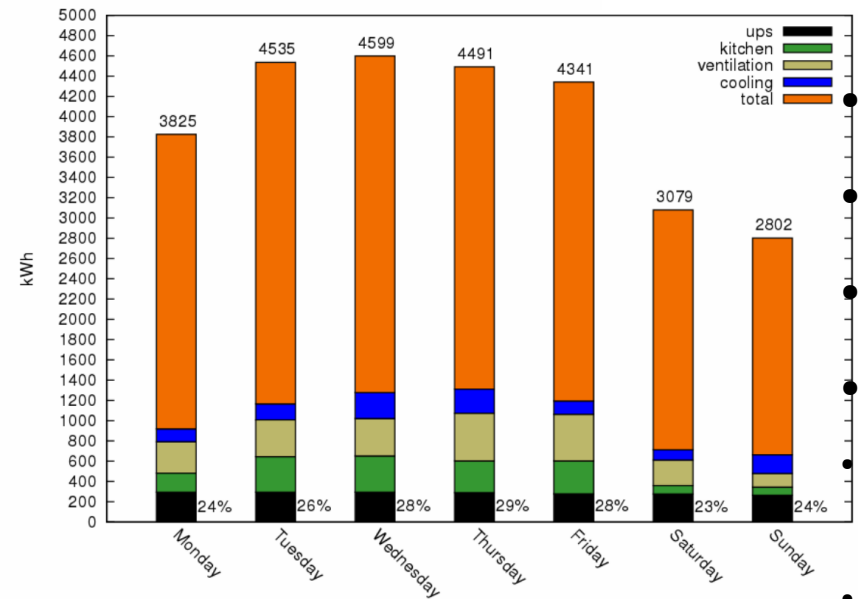
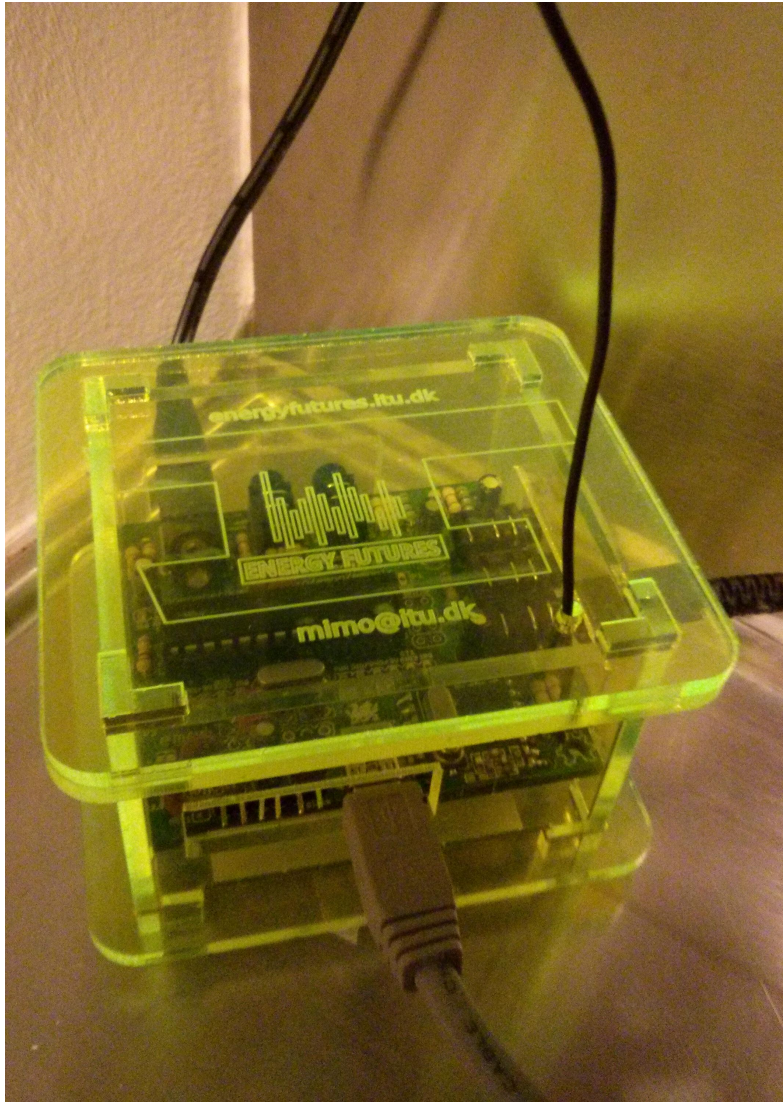


IoT / Energy Futures ITU



ENERGY FUTURES





10% reduction in power consumption
over one year, without any big changes -
just understanding and adjusting

COSMGrid – a low cost solar micro-grid

