DNS/DNSSEC Workshop

DNS Access Lists in BIND

This document is a result of work by the Network Startup Resource Center (NSRC at http://www.nsrc.org). This document may be freely copied, modified, and otherwise re-used on the condition that any re-use acknowledge the NSRC as the original source.





DNS ACLs

- ACLs and configuration options in BIND can be used to create more secure configurations
- Good operational practice suggests that ACLs and configuration options be reviewed regularly
- Make sure they are still relevant: review them regularly to ensure they are accurately reflect what you are trying to do
- They can be cumbersome and difficult to maintain





Elements in an address match list

- Individual IP addresses
- Addresses/netmask pairs
- Names of other ACLs
- In some contexts, names of keys (more on this later)





Purposes in BIND

- Restricting queries & zone xfer
- Authorizing/restricting dynamic updates
- Selecting interface to listen on
- Sorting responses
- Address match lists are always enclosed in curly braces





Notes on Address Match list

- Elements must be separated by semicolons ';'
- The list must be terminated with ";"
- Elements address match lists are checked sequentially
- To negate elements of the address match list, prepend them with '!'
- Use ACL statements to name an address match list
- ACLs must be defined before they can be used elsewhere





Example: Address match lists

For network 192.168.0.0 255.255.255.0:
 {192.168.0.0/24; };

For network plus loopback:

```
{192.168.0.0/24; 127.0.0.1; };
```

Addresses plus key name:

```
{192.168.0.0/24;127.0.0.1; noc.nsrc.org; };
```





The ACL statement

Syntax:

```
acl acl_name { address_match_list; };
```

Example:

```
acl internal { 127.0.0.1; 192.168.0/24; }; acl dynamic-update { key dhcp.ws.nsrc.org; };
```





Notes on the ACL statement

The acl name need not be quoted

There are four predefined ACLs:

any

none

localhost

localnets

- any IP address

- no IP address

- loopback, 127.0.0.1, ::1

- all the networks the name server is directly

connected to





blackhole

```
options {
      blackhole { ACL-name or itemized list; };
};
```





allow-transfer

```
zone "myzone.example" {
  type master;
  file "myzone.example";
  allow-transfer { ACL-name or itemized list; };
};
```





allow-query

```
zone "myzone.example {
  type master;
  file "myzone.example";
  allow-query { ACL-name or itemized list; };
};
```





listen-on

```
options {
    Iisten-on port # { ACL-name or itemized list; };
};
```





Questions?

?



