

## Network Monitoring and Management

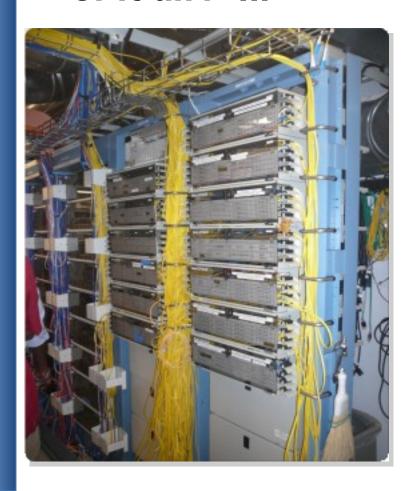
## Network Documentation



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### **Documentation**

Maybe you've asked, "How do you keep track of it all?"...



Document, document, document...

## **Updated Documentation is essential**

- So that you can remember what you did 6 months ago
- So that others in your team can troubleshoot problems quickly
- Think about these questions:
  - What would happen to the network if the main engineer moves to another job?
  - How would your team deal with problems if you were sick? Or on vacation?

## Documenting is hard

#### It's tedious

- "I'm so busy, I don't have time right now"

#### It's difficult to keep organized

- You need to have an established methodology that everyone can follow
- Otherwise it becomes crazy with time

#### It becomes outdated very quickly

– Old information is useless and can be even dangerous!

## **Guidelines**

#### Create a documentation policy

- What's the responsibility of each person?
- What is the process? Order of tasks?
- How to verify completeness/quality?
- Methodologies
  - Consistent naming schemes
    - For devices, cabling, etc.

#### Guidelines

#### Label EVERYTHING

- Devices: routers, switches, servers, access points, etc.
- Cabling
- Network jacks
- Racks

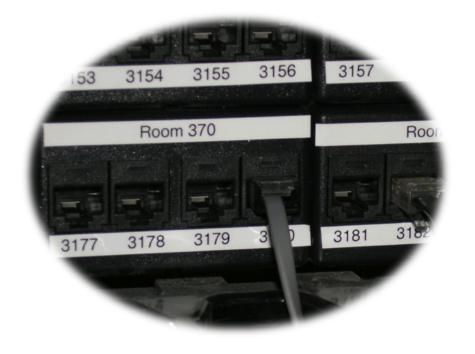
### **Documentation**

#### Basics, such as documenting your switches...

- What is each port connected to?
- Can be simple text file with one line for every port in a switch:
  - health-switch1, port 1, Room 29 Director's office
  - health-switch1, port 2, Room 43 Receptionist
  - health-switch1, port 3, Room 100 Classroom
  - health-switch1, port 4, Room 105 Professors Office
  - .....
  - health-switch1, port 25, uplink to health-backbone
- This information might be available to your network staff,
   help desk staff, via a wiki, software interface, etc.
- Remember to label your ports!

## **Documentation: Labeling**

Nice... 🙂





### **Network Documentation**

More automation might be needed. An automated network documentation system is something to consider.

- You can write local scripts to do this.
- You can consider some automated documentation systems.
- You'll probably end up doing both.

## **NOCs: Network Operation Centers**

## Where documentation, monitoring and management can all come together:

- Links to monitoring tools
- Ticketing systems
- Documentation systems
  - Diagrams
  - Databases
  - Wikis

## The Network Operations Center

#### **NOC** = Network Operations Center

- Come in many forms and depend on the size of your organization and your goals.
- "One or more locations from which control is exercised over your network."
- NOCs can be:
  - Virtual
  - Located at the core of your network
  - With your help desk
  - Built in pieces
  - Etc.

## A BIG NOC



There are even bigger NOCs out there...

## A small NOC



In the same room there is a desk with a phone, another computer and a monitor. This acted as the group's Help Desk.

Many network problems could be detected and solved on the spot!

## **Automated Documentation Systems**

There are quite a few automated network documentation systems. Each tends to do something different:

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– Netdot:
https://netdot.uoregon.edu/
```

– IPplan: http://iptrack.sourceforge.net/

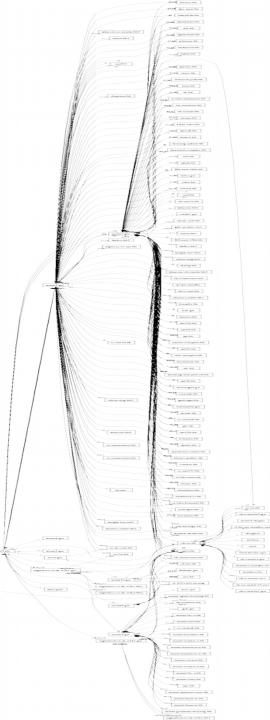
– Netdisco: http://netdisco.org/

Rack Tables: http://www.racktables.org/

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NETwork DOcumentation Tool





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#### It's a very comprehensive tool:

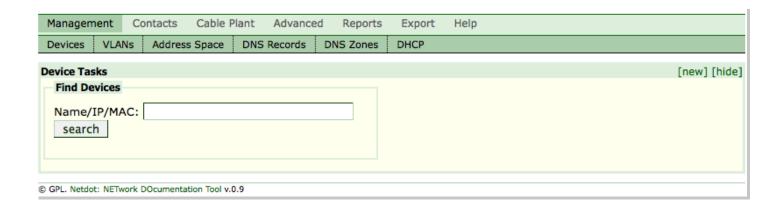
- Device discovery via SNMP
- Layer2 topology discovery and graphing, using:
  - CDP/LLDP
  - Spanning Tree Protocol
  - Switch forwarding tables
  - Router point-to-point subnets
- IPv4 and IPv6 address space management (IPAM)
  - Address space visualization
  - DNS/DHCP config management
  - IP and MAC address tracking

Continued ->

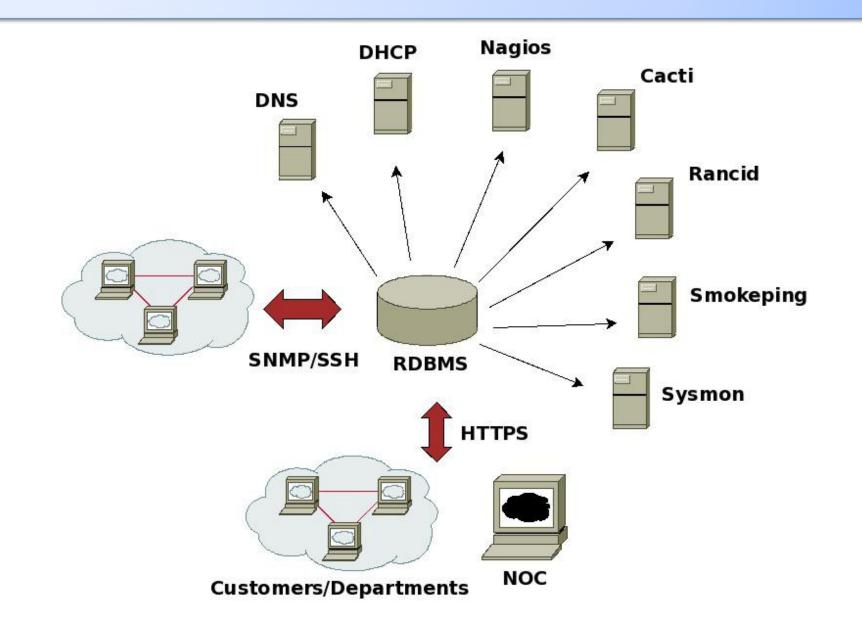
Netdot: {net.} NETWORK DOCUMENTATION TOOL

#### Functionality continued:

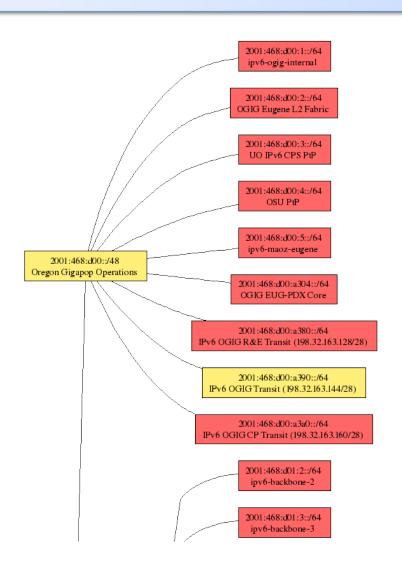
- Cable plant (sites, fiber, copper, closets, circuits...)
- Contacts (departments, providers, vendors, etc.)
- Export scripts for various tools (Nagios, Sysmon, RANCID, Cacti, etc)
  - I.E., how we could automate node creation in Cacti!
- Multi-level user access: Admin, Operator, User
- It draws pretty pictures of your network



## **Netdot: NETwork DOcumentation Tool**



## **Netdot Topology example**



Netdot can draw the topology of a network or a segment of a network dynamically.

## Questions

